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THE

# JUGGLER OF NANKIN:

THE GRANDEE'S PLOT.

A Story of the Celestial Empire.

BY SYLVANUS COBB, JR.



hours left to him before daylight, and he considered sometime before the made up his mind; but when his mind was made up he had resolved to make the venture. He re-loaded the barrel of the pistol he had discharged, and having seen that the other barrels were safe be west once more to the podental. He drew his dagger, and with its haft he knock-de snarrily upon the stone. It is produced a sharp, ringing sound, and ere long he heard a knock from the inside. He remembered the whistle which he had heard given by the man whom he now know to be the pince, and he thought of the little ivery instrument he had obtained from the poekte of the bone. He drew it out and blew upon it, sharply and shrilly, as he had leard the prince do, and it a moment more a portion of the rock seemed to sink away. Within he was a middle aged woman who bore a lighted candle in her hand, but she did not look particularly at him. She only seemed to observe that the one who had suramoned her was ready to come in, and then she started down. Paul hesitated a moment, and during that moment there seemed a thousand thoughts rushing through his mind; but his courage was good, and he stepped in through the aparture. Here a new difficulty presented itself. By the light of the candle which the woman carried he could see that the way led down a long flight of stone step, and the was nearly half-way down. How was he to shut the aperture up ? He looked behind him, and all around, but he could see that the way led down as long flight of stone step, and the was ance? Thalf-way down. How was he to shut the aperture up? He looked behind him, and all around, but he could see nothing that seemed made for that purpost. The woman had stopped and looked back, and with a sudden thought Paul put his head on curse it must be lifted up again. Perhaps it was so hung that seemed made for that purpost. The woman had stopped and looked back, and with a sudden thought he drew in his head and reached down. He felt a ring, which he seized, and lifted with all his might, but h

click.

As soon as the woman saw that the place was shut she turned and pursued her way down again, not having noticed in the gloom of the place, who it was that followed. One thought now came to our hero's mind which made him feet comparaitively aste: If there had been a man in the place he would certainly have come to open the passage. This circumstance gave the youth new courage, and he followed on with less hesitation. At the foot of the stairs he came to a narrow, vanited passage through which the woman walked without turning, and Paul kept far enough behind to be in the gloom. After following around a gentle curve the woman opened a door to the left and passed through, but even here she did not stop for her follower to come up. When Paul passed in at the door he saw that the woman had already opened another door, through the opening of which came a stream of rich, mellow light, and through this opening she disappeared. The youth followed on, and when he had passed the second door he on a first in a large apartment, and he saw his guide just disappearing behind a heavy silk-arras that hung in one corner of the place. He stopped and gazed about him, and for a while he was fairly bewildered by the scene which was As soon as the woman saw that the place was

thus opened to his view. The room was spa-cious, and adorned with every luxury that wealth could afford. From the centre of the arched ceiling hung a cluster of crystal lanterns, the soft beams from which bathed the place in a food of light almost equal to nounday. Upon a rich couch, at one end of the apartment, re-clined the form of a female. A first she did not notice who had entered, but gradually she turn-ed her yest soweast she door, and as she met the gaze of our here she started to her feet. "This is not Fanking!" she utered, almost in a whisper.

notice who had entered, but gradually she turns the region of our hero she started to her feet.

"This is not Fau-king!" she uttered, almost in a whisper.

"No, lady," quickly returned Paul, "I have come in Fau-king's place."

The youth spoke so calmly, and his answer was so frank, that the female seemed to be at once disarmed of all fear, and Paul had an opportunity to view her. Never before had heen a being so lovely. She could not have been over twenty years of age, and is really seemed as though every hour of her life had added of some new charm to her person. Her akin was as fair as the new-blown tilty, and upon her cheeks dwelt the blush of the newly opened rone. Her hair was black as the sparkling jet, and its clustered curls hung freely over her faulties neck and shoulders. Her eyes, which were large, dark and brillians, were shaded by long silken lashes, and her brow, upon which rested a diadem of, pearls, was clear and frank. Her form was light and airy, for her dress was not into the last of the search of the continuation of the last of the last hard her form been enveloped in the garb of abonze it could not have detracted from the beauty of her face—that was a sphere of its own, a sphere in which loveliness reigned supreme.

"Did the prince send you here?" asked they into the last of the send of the last fear, though it must be confessed that she showed moth surprise.

"Of course I have nothing to fear," she said. "You have a right here, or you would not be here. Let me know why you are come?"

"I have come in Fau-king's place," returned the youth. "He will come here no more. Are you sorry that he is to stay away?"

"Do you speak truly?" quickly asked the jil, looking jui in an ayoung man's face. "Is it true that Fau-king is to be here no more?"

"Or and her form her here no more. Are you sorry that he is to stay away?"

"Do you speak truly the fair girl's asked the pil

and removing his cap. "Could my heart hold a feeling of ill for such as you, I would tear it out as a thing not fit to beat with life." The excitement under which Paul had labored for the last few hours, and the physical exertions consequent thereon, had served to loosen the skull-cap which he wore, and in removing his outer cap they both came off, and the dark, glossy, wavy hair fell about his neck and temples. The girl started, and a quick flush suffesed her features. Paul noticed the mishap, and with a quick smile he said! "I hope my head will not fighten you. I follow the customs of my country as nearly as possible, but I cannot deprive myself of the covering and protection which God has given me." "O, I do not blame you," replied the girl, with a sort of twinkling, appreciating glance. We have but few heads that are worth protecting, and hence, I suppose, the fashion." She smiled as she spoke, and for a few moments Paul was perfectly entranced. He remembered his fearam, and the phantasy became more and more real. He guzed into the features of his companion, and his heart beat a owildly that for a while he was unable to speak. For the time he forgot that he had taken a human life.—he forgot all save the presence of the being who had enchanted him. Under

other circumstances the feeling he now experienced might not have been so sudden, but his strange dreams had prepared the way, and he now gave his beart up without a struggle.

"Lady," he said, at length gaining the power and the courage to speak, "if may be a strange tale that I shall tell to you; but first you must assuredly know that in me there can dwell no harm. Tell me, if under any circumstances, you should fear me?"

"I know not why I should," replied she, speaking very low, and looking into the youth's handsome, bold features with peculiar earnest-ness. There was surely a deeper tings of the rose upon her cheeks, and the emotion even reached to her eyes. "I do not this I should fear you," she added, "flor you do not look like one who could have you want to any person."

"You do surely sweak in instince" said Paul.

person."

"You do, unrely speak in justice," said Paul, and then, with a light smile, and in a light tone, he saided: "But just for the whim—Just to please a passing thought—just to know how much there can be in a countenance—suppose—mind, I only suppose the case—suppose I had come here without the knowledge of any one save myself, and that Prince Kong-ti never even saw me 1"

"O, that would be impossible.

'O, that would be impossible."

But suppose it were possible?"

Then I should first wish to know why you

came!"
"But you are too fast," said Paul, with another smile—a smile which was as frank and open as the sunbeams at noonday. "The question is, should you fear me before you knew my business!"

is, should you fear me before you knew my business \$''

The girl hung down her head for a moment, and then again a be gased up into the youth's face. There was a peculiar light in her dark eye, and the long silken lashes even seemed to droop while she gased.

"I do not think I abould fear you," she whispered; "but I should fear for you, for you would be in greater danger than myself."
"I know not why you should fear for me," uttered Paal, going deeper and deeper into the meshes that were surrounding him.

"Why—because you would be in danger," returned the girl, with perfect simplicity. "Of course you must know that this would be a very dangerous place ""
"O, certainly—I am aware of all that. But onto start, now—do not fear me when I tell the truth. I am just as I have supposed. It know not the prince, nor have I ever seen him but once, and even then he did not see me."

"You trifle, sir," uttered the girl, starting with amazement.

"You trifle, sir," uttered the girl, starting with amazement.

"Upon my soul I do not. I um just as I have said. A strange fate has led me to this place. Perhaps the great Spirit of heaven hinself has whispered the dreams that are more than half realized. You do not fear me?"

The youth spoke in a tender tone, and his whole countenance showed how deep was the feeling that moved him. The girl again looked up into his face, and this time her own countenance betrayed more of emotion than had before appeared there.

"No," she at length said; "I do not fear you, but tell me what this all means. Tell me."

itening that moved min. It no girl again tooked up into his face, and this time her own countenance betrayed more of emotion than had before appeared there.

"No," she at length said; "I do not fear you, but tell me what this all means. Tell me," she added, with much agitation, "for three is something wondrous here—something which I cannot understand."

"I will tell I you," said Paul, now perfectly assured that the fair being did not fear him. "For a long time I have had a desire to visit these ruins, and in connection therewith I have had many strange dreams—fraems which were thirlling and mystic. I have dreamed of a rare and lovely flower that I should find here—of a water of life and a nectar that should give me tetranal youth mover that I should find here—of a water of life and a nectar that should give me tetranal youth and peace—and fire the deeply. At length I canne here, and on the night last past, I slept in a close corner shove where we mow are. A man came to the ruins, and I concealed myself, hat yet I could watch his movements. I saw him approach the great stone pedestal of Buddha, and witnessed his entrance to this place. I caughts agiance of his rich dress, and from what I learned from the neighboring peasants, I knew that he must be the Prince Kongcii. From that moment I made up my mind that I would explore this place if possible. It was not all curiosity that moved no; there was a deeper feeling, though I might not explain it if should try. I watched, and saw that man go away, and this evening I came again. I concealed myself as before, and cre long I saw a man come out from the mysterious passage. When he came back he discovered me, and amade at me with a heavy club which he carried. I knew that he would take my life if he could I knew that he would take my life if he could for so he assured me. I had not molested him, but I found that I must either die, or else kill

him. I drew a pistol and shot him. I did the deed with a better grace, for I believed he had killed many an unsuspecting traveller who had sought the shelter of these ruins. I had learned the secret of gaining entrance to the place, and I tried. The woman who came up did not notice but that it was the bonze who followed her."
"He was no bonze," said the girl.
"But he wore the dreas."
"Xe, that was for effect. He was a cunuch, one of the prince's most trusty slaves."
"A canuch" repeated Paul, with a start. "But you are not the wife of the prince's"
"No, no—I am no wife yet. Thank God I am yet a madde—as pare as the mountain snow."

"No, no—I am no wife yet. Thank God I am yet a maiden—as pure as the mountain snow."

I am yet a maiden—as pure as the mountain snow."

How Paul's heart leaped at those words I He clasped his hands, and a silent prayer of thanks went up from his soul. Strange that he should have felt so.

"And Fau-king is dead?" murmured the maiden, howing her head.

"Yes; but I could not help it. I trust you will not blame me?"

"No, no," quickly replied she; "for I have heard, even here, enough to satisfy me, that he has killed innocent men whom he has found there. It is dreadful!"

The maiden shuddered as she spoke, and while yet she was moved by the memory of the fatal truth, the silken arms at the extremity of the apartment was moved aside, and the same woman who had conducted Paul down from the podestal entered. She had advanced half-way up the room when she noticed our hero. She stopped and clapped both hands to her eyes, and thus she remained for half a minute. Them she looked once more upon the youth, and as ahe did so a quick, sharp cry broke from her her her had been to do or say. He knew not what to do or say. He knew not what to do or say He knew not what to do so not left long in uspense, for the maiden soon regained her presence of mind, and in a tone comparatively calm, she said:

"You seem surprised, Lan. This is a man "You seem surprised, Lan.

pense, for the maiden soon regained her presence of mind, and in a tone comparatively calm, she said:

"You seem surprised, Lan. This is a man who has come in place of Fau.king. Did you not notice that you were conducting a stranger to our place?"

"The great Tieu-tan preserve me," uttered the woman, lifting both hands in astonishment. "Is it possible?"

"It certainly is," returned the maiden. And then with much earnestness she added: "But is not strange that Fau.king should have add nothing to us about the matter?"

"Very strange," responded Lan, regarding Paul curiously. There was a dubious look upon her face, but she did not seem to really entertain any doubts. Perhaps she had not had time to frame any positive thoughts about the matter.

"I will show him Fau.king's apartments,"

"I will show him Fau-king's apartments," resumed the maiden, without showing the least signs of discomposure. "I want nothing

signs of discomposure. "I want nothing now."

The old woman seemed to hesitate. She was evidently not in a position to exercise control over the movements of the maiden without some unusual cause; but she certainly appeared to desire further light upon the present state of affairs. She started towards the arras, but she turned before "she had reached it and looked back. She looked first upon the maiden, and then upon Paul, and from the nature of this last look it was evident that she had now began to entertain some doubts. But she said nothing plainly, though her lips moved, and the sound of low mutterings came to the ears of our hero and his companion.

"She mistrusts us," said the fair girl, looking up into the youth's face.

up into the youth's face. Paul made no reply, for the words of his companion sounded strangely in his ears, and they rang strangely, too, upon his heart. "'She mistrust us!" It was a strange sentence. And then the manner in which she had behaved in the presence of the old woman was also strange. Paul's heart fluttered wildly as he thought over the events of the past ten minutes, and an atmosphere of mystic power seemed to be moving about him and enthralling his senses.

LET us change the scene now to Mankin.
Nankin—once the proudest city in the great empire—the home of wealth, power and learning—the great explain where the Child of the San beld his magnificent court, and where the princes of the realm made manifest their wealth. But Nankin has greatly changed now. The emperor is not there—the wise men speak not in her streets, and her court is but secondary to the great court of the North. Yet Nankin is still a great city—great in wealth—great in space—great in great cours of the North. Yet Nankin is still a great city—great in wealth—great in space—great in governers and great in ignorance and debauchery.

Near one of the great canals stood the palaco of the prince Kong-ti. He was a powerful man in Nankin, and so he was powerful in the whole of his province. He was looked up to as a pattern of sobriety and virtue, and towards tabes who were guilty of low debauchery and lust high and the server and rigorous. Sometimes when people wished to use a strong term to express the superlative of contactager and virtue, the Prince Kong-ti was brought up as an example. It was most fortunate for him that, his people had discovered those things.

It was late in the overlang—on the verifue Kong-ti was brought up as an example. It was most fortunate for him that, his people had discovered those things.

It was late in the overlang—on the very an important of the prince ing that Paul Ardeen had gone for the second time to the ruised temples—and in one of the sunpusously foreighted particular to the prince, and the sunpusously foreighted particular to the prince, and the will be useful to the three were traces of deep sorrow upon her brow, and her eyes gave signs of much weeping. She was Miao, the wife of the prince. Well was it for the prince that Niso never went about, for people would then have seen her tears, and they might have wondered how their of such a husband could find occasion to weep. But the people did not see all this, and many a noble dame eavied the fair Niso the possession of the virtuous prince for a husband. Niso ast upon a soft couch, and near her stood a maid who watched her with much interest. The princess was looking upon the great rose that formed part of the figure of the carpet, and who watched her with much interest. The princess was looking upon the great rose that formed part of the figure of the carpet, and who watched her with much interest. The princes was looking upon the great rose that formed part of the figure of the carpet, and who watched her with much interest. The princes was looking upon the great rose that formed part of the figure of the carpet, and who watched her with much interest. Th

ave—"
What is it?" asked Tsi, bending affection-

"What is it?" asked Tsi, bending affectionately over her mistress.

"I have heard him speak in his sleep?" the princess uttered, with a fearful hunder.

"But he may only have dreamed."

"Ah, people do not speak so plainly sare where the heart has a feeling. He may have dreamed, but there must have been solid foundation for such dreams. O, my shaband!"

While yet Tsi was pondering upon what she had heard, the sound of tramping hoofs came up from the court. The princess started up and gazed into her companion's face.

"I think that is my lord," she said, in a low, carriest whileper.

"I think that is my men, carriest whisper.

"Yea," returned Tsi. "It is the tread of his horse, and Li is certainly with him. Courage, my lady. Things may not be so had as you feel. Smile upon the prince, and his heart must soften. I do not think he is all stone."

The wife looked up with a melancholy ex-

pression, but she made no reply, and ere long she arose from her seat and went to sit by the open window. The faithful and saw that her mistress was busy with her own thoughts, and she remained silent. Thus passed nearly an hour, and at the end of that time a female mes-senger entered her room. She approached the princess and informed her that her husband would see her.

princess and informed her that her husband would see her.

"He may smile upon you now," said Tei, after the messenger had withdrawn. "Try and see if he does not still love you."

"I shall do all I can."

Thi left the spartment, and shortly afterwards the prince snated. He was a stoat, complent man, somewhere in the neighborhood of forty years of sge, and though he was not uncoult be look upon, yet there was a larking spirit in his eye, and an expression upon his thick lips, that would serse to awaken distures in the mind of an unprejudiced observer. His dreas was rich and costly, but somewhat travel-worn, and dusty. The princess arose as he entered, and saluted him with a low how, and after this the prince bade her be seated.

"And now how fares my Niao?" he asked, as he took a seat by her side.

"I am well," returned the wife.

"But you do not look well, nor do you speak as though you were at case. I think I shall send for the physician."

"No, no, my lord. Let me still have your love, and I ask no more. In your smiles I could find the best medicine. I am not sick, though your absence sometimes makes me sad."

"No under medicine. I am not sick, though your absence sometimes makes me sad."

"You are foolish," he said, "to be sad because business calls me away."

"Hasiness" "repeated Niao, in a careful, pleading tone. "And is it all business that takes you foron me? I is it business that takes you foron me? I is business that makes you cold and stern ! Is it business that makes you cold and stern? I is thusiness that has frozen up the current of your love?"

Kongeri started, and an angry fissh passed over his features. He gased into the face of his wife, and for a while he seemed to be endeavoring to read her thoughts—sa though he would have found out if her fears were based upon any positive knowledge. But he could read nothing there save the record of hopes that were not even the subsand, in my heart there is no such thing as the passed of the would have found out if her fears were based upon any positive know

sase sand, inquiringity.

As soon as this matter was arranged the spirits of the prince seemed to rine, for he talked some time, and his conversation was light and gay, though once in a while, when he found the eyes of his wife resting upon him with their light of pious love, he would hesitate and tremble, and a slight change might have been seen in the color of the trembling lip. But his wife noticed it not—she fondly hoped that his love was yet here, and she was hind to all else. Here was not the boson for quick suspicions, and a few kind words could perform almost wondern upon her feelings. When her husband at length left her she felt happier than before.

"O, good Tai, I think he loves me yet," murmured the princess, after her maid had joined the again. "He spoke kindly to me, and he smiled."

"And so he hastened to your side with his

And so he hastened to your side with his-

"And so he hastened to your side with hislove 1"
"Yes," resumed Niao, with some hesitation.
"But he did not a first show his love. He has
bade me get ready to move to the country place
which he owns out towards Kine-tehon, and my
willingness to go has pleased him."
This did not reply immediately, for she seemed
to have found something about which to think.
She was a keen, quick-witted girl, and one not
casily deceived. She could speak words of encouragement for those she loved even when hope
was against her, and she could be mistrustful,
too, if there was occasion. She had been engle
ged in deep thought while the prince had been
with her mistress, and perhaps that thought had
amounted to something in her mind.

"Do you know, my lady, anything about this place to which you are going?" she at length asked, with considerable earnestness in her

"Only that it is a very beautiful place," returned the princess.

Turned the princess.

"But I have heard that it is very sickly there.
From the low marshes which surround it there comes up a foul malaria, especially at this season."

"Does season."

"Does my lord know of this?" asked Niao.

"Derhaps not," returned the maid, checking herself, and keeping back the fears she entertained. "Of course he would not send you there if he knew of it."

"Perhaps it is not so, bad now," said the now," said the nowleass.

"Yery likely," responded Tsi.
"Yery likely," responded Tsi.
"But if it is yet dangerous we can come back here," added the princess.
"Certainly," assented Tsi, still deeply ongaged in thought.
"You will go with me, Tsi, for you, at least,

ged in thought.

"You will go with me, Tsi, for you, at least, love me."

"I shall go where you go, my lady."

"I shall go where you go, my lady."

"I shall go where you go, my lady."

This was spoken with unassual resolution, and shortly afterwards the faithful maid was dismissed. She appeared to have something upon her mind which she wished to speak, but she kept it to herself. She gare her mistress one long, earnest look, and then with a alight, sad shake of the head she moved away from the place. After she was goos the princess started up and leaned once more against the window. The evening breeze came in sweet and cool, and fanned her feverish hore, but still there was a burning sensation coming up from her heart. She had noticed the look of her handmaiden, and forebodings of ill were working in her mind. She tried to think that her husband loved her truly, and that he would not harm her—though it was no extraneous harm that she feared. If she could only have the love of her earthly lord, she cared for nothing slee; but if that was gone, then every other thing was but as a blank to her soul.

## CHAPTER VIII.

THE HEART'S PLEDGE

We left Paul Ardeen and his new-found acquaintance regarding each other in silence, but the youth soon found his tongue, and his first desire was to find out why his fair companion was in so strange a place, and how she came there, and he asked her if she had any objections to telling him the story of my life is a very simple one, and I will cell it with pleasure."

"It would surely please me," resumed Paul, moving nearer to her side.

"Then you shall be pleased," she commenced with a smile. "My name is Ya-iu. Of my parents, I can only remember that they lived'in, Fo-chan when I was born, for I was very young when they died. After they were dead I went to live with my uncle, and he took me to the village that lies upon the great river near Nan-iu. There I lived with him until I was seventeen years old, and, at that time the Prince of Nankin, Kong-ti, stopped there and saw me. I heard him talk with my uncle, and I knew that they were latkling of me. After that the prince used to come to our house every month, and sometimes ofherer, and frequently he would talk with me. I felt proud to be noticed by so noble a grandee, and I used to do all in my power to please him, little dreaming then what was to be the cell. In this way a year passed, and I was eighteen. One day my uncle came to me and told me that for the future the prince was going to take me under his charge. I was pleased with that, for I thought it strange, but I did not think there was snything to feat. I did not think there was snything to feat. I did not enterthian any doubs until I found that we were not going to stop at Nankin. We only waited nearth any all costs of privileges, and have the station of a lady.

"When the prince came to take me away it was late in the evening. I thought it strange, but I did not think there was snything to feat. I did not enterth any all the prince was going to stop at Nankin. We only waited nearth any all other of down. I asked the prince was down the same of the prince was down the was to be found in the evening. I t

"At the end of a month the prince came again. I had grown calin, then, and he was very kind to me, but I was not happy. So time passed on, and every month, and once in a while oftener, he came to see me. His generally stops but one night, but sometimes more. He converses with me, and seems pleased that I have learned so much, for the cunuch was a learned man for all his hardness of heart. Gradually the sharper stings of my grief wore off—my saduess became

a calm, dim melancholy, and I have now even become so habitanated to the place, that I can treat the prince with something like regard. I fear him, for I know that his power is great; but yet he has ever respected my virtue, for he would have a virtuous wife. I think he loves

ne."

As Yu-lu ceased speaking, she raised her hand
o her brow and sighed heavily. Paul was much
ffected by what he had heard.

"And did you never have the wish to escape
rom this place?" he asked, trembling while he
noke.

from this places? he asked, trembling while he spoke.

"O, yes, many times. But the opportunity never offered itself. I have been watched most narrowly, for when Fau-king slept Lan was always awake, and when she slept the canach was on the watch."

"But have you yet learned to love the prince?"

"To love him ?" repeated the maiden, start "To love him "" repeated the maiden, starting with sudden energy. "O, he seems an evil spirit in my path. He is to me what the great King of Darkness is to the souls of the loat. I fear him "I see not why he should have placed you in such a place as this," said the youth, speaking as though he were keeping back the emotions that were most striving for utterance.
"He said he did it for fear that he might lose me if I were where others could see me."

secus a piace as tinis," said the youth, speaking as though he were keeping back the emotions that were most striving for naterance.

"He said he did it for fear that he might lose me if I were where others could see me."

"And do you think he had this place excavated on purpose for your reception?"

"No. I have heard, from the conversation of Lan and the canuch, that a poor peasant discovered the secret of this place, and communicated it to the prince. The peasant has never since been seen! I rechaps the prince liked not to trust him living with the secret. This must have been some retreat of the Buddhist bouzes, and perhaps was prepared for the purpose of furthering some designs upon the supersitions of the people. The prince only had the apartments furnished, and after they were done the four men who had done the work were killed here, and their bodies sunk in the mud of the tiver! I have learned these things by listening to my keepers when they thought I slept.

Love the prince. O, O!"

"I think the prince of Nankin has a wife!" whispered Paul, laying one hand upon Yu-lu's arm. His hand trembled when he placed it there, and his voice was tremulous with the most powerful emotion.

"Allas!" murmared the maiden, with a fearful shudder, "I know he has. Lan told me that she was sickly, and could not live long! O, God forbith that he should—"

"What "whispered Paul, drawing still nearer to the hesitating girl.

"This too dreadful to think upon; but his hands are already stained with blood, and I know not what he may do. In one mouth I shall be twenty years of age, and then he says I shall be his wife. Heaven knows how his present wife is to die!"

Yu-lu's goke with a heart-bursting expression, and her head asak forward upon her hands. For some moments Paul did not dare to speak. He gazed upon the fair cheek that was turned to wards him, and he saw that there was a tear upon it. At that moment his heart burst the last bond that held it, and the fame burned up bright and strong. He knew that he loved the beautiful

ised—the trembling hopes of the dreamer had but found their fruition. His was a soul all impulse and animation, and he gave himself now a ready prisoner to the gentle god that had been shooting his darts upon him.

"Ya-lu," he said, "you may call me Paul—Paul Ardeen."

"Paul?" she repeated, speaking the name very correctly, and at the same time raising her eyes with an expression which showed that she had lost a part, at least, of the thoughts that made her shudder so but a few moments before. "Paul Ardeen? It is a strange name. I never heard a name exactly like it in sound before."

"No, I suppose not. My parents were of a country over which the Chinese emperor has no control. It is a better country than this. Women are not slaves there—they marry whom they love, and with the husbands of their choire they govern the home of their happiness as seems

they love, and with the husbands of their choice they govern the home of their happiness as seems to them best. In that country mothers educate their offspring, and plant in their tender bosoms the first seeds of goodness and virtue. It is a great and powerful nation—one of the most powerful on earth, and yet at this very moment one of your own sex sits upon the throne and sways the regal sceptree. The people all love her, and she loves them. Do you not think you could be happy in such a land?"

Yu-lu gazed up with a wondering expression, but with nothing of doubt. Her eyes beamed with a speaking light, and a rich glow was gradually suffusing her countenance.
"O," she marmured, "I should be very hap-

with a speaking light, and a rich glow was gradually suffusing her countenance.

"O," she murmured, "I should be very happy in such a home-where I could be freewhere my soul could expand with every virtuous desire. O, 'tis hard to be a slave—to feel
the holy impulses that God has given me ramped and strangled at their birth. But alsa! fate
has marked out my prison-path."

"No, no," exclaimed the youth, speaking
with ardent passion. "Fate has not yet fixed
your destiny. In your own hands yet lays the
power of snapping in sunder the foul host
hat bind you. The flower of your youth is
not fadel—the holy aspirations of your soul are
not yet confined—the virtue of your being is
not fled, nor has the hand of the destroyer yet
crushed you.

There is music in your words," sofuly mur-mured the maidlen. "But still there is a power hanging over me that. can do all this."

By the powers above us, there is not," cried Paul, impulsively drawing the beautiful being close upon his bosom. "But there is a power near to save you. O, listen to me for a moment cre you fasten your belief so fatally. The way is even now open. I will save you. Go with

me, and we will fee from this place. The power of the wicked prince shall be over you no more, for I will take you to a home where he dares not come save as a cringing suppliant. Will you not go with me?"

The maiden gazed first up into the face of her companion, and then she bent her eyes to the floor. She did not tremble, but her check iterned pale, and her heart seemed almost to have caused to beat. For full two minutes she remained thus, and then she once more utrumed her gaze upon the face of the youth. "Paul," she said, speaking very strangely, and resting one of her small white hands upon his arm. "I do not know your full meaning." "Can you not read it in my face?" quickly returned our hero, looking a look, of love that could not be mistaken. "Ye-la, untill now my heart has been my own, but it is no longer so. I love you, and with my love I would protect you. I would find some home where you should light the atmosphere with your smiles, and where my wealth should make me blessed only so fir as it helped to make you happy. I would make you may time to you flow and with my love, and with my love, and will most go will my love, and I would only feel happy when you could share the feeling. Speak to me, and tell me if you understand me now."

"I think I understand you," the maiden whispered, beginning now to tremble.

"And what further can you answer me?"

"If you can open the way, I will see from here, and then—"

"If you can open the way, I will see from here even though I have to break my heart in separating from you aferwards. Do hot besitate."

"I will see from here," repeated Yu-le, hiding her face in the young man's bosom, "and the me the comment."

you from here even though I have to break my heart in separating from you afterwards. Do not hesitate."

"I will flee from here," repeated Yu-lu, hiding her face in the young man's bosom, "and then we may learn more of each other. We will flee far from here—we shall be together sometime. Then you will know more of me, and then.—I will answer you further."

Paul raised the fair girl's head and gazed into her face, and he found her weeping. He pressed his lips upon her pure white brow and kissed her, and then he said:

"I will ask you no more, though I am sure that years of acquaintance can only strengthen the sentiments I already feel. If I have read your face wrongly, then I will never attempt to read a face again. But I will wait, for in time you may know me better, and be the more sure of my faith; but I hope you will learn to love me."

"You teach me well, and I fear I am learning faster than becomes a maiden upon a first acquaintance; but we will wait."

me."

"You teach me well, and I fear I am learning faster than becomes a maiden upon a first acquaintance; but we will wait."

Paul know very well that the fair maiden's heart was turning with love towards him, and the knowledge made him most happy. Ho strained her to his besom, and she did not shrink from him. He kissed ber, and she only blashed. He whispered to her again of his love, and her eyes beaned with a joyous light. He told her again of the hoppy home he would make for her, and she weps in the fallness of joy.

But time was passing swiftly away, and the youth was ere long recalled to a sense of present resulties. The transition was by means a pleasing or grateful one, but sterm lywhesity demanded it.

"Now when shall we go?" he asked:
"As soon as possible," returned Yu-la, drying her eyes, and setting her thoughts upon the subject thus broached. "Of course I must have a disguise."

"Yes. You would certainly be safer with one. But shall we have time! When will the prince come again?"

"On for a week, at least. I feel sure of that."

"Then I will go at once among the peasants

"O, not for a week, at least. I feel sure of that."

"Then I will go at once among the peasants of the neighborhood, and I think I will get you a boy's dress. I will come again in the verning, and then we will take our final leave of this place. I ought not to stay longer now, for it must soon be daylight. But while I am gone you must show nothing of your feelings to Lan. Give her no chance to mistrust your mind nor my real character. Let your fullest confidence rest in me, and remember me as one whose love is all your own."

"O," murmured Yu-lu, laying her head once more upon the youth's bosom, "I shall not formore upon the youth's bosom, "I shall not for-

real character. Let your fullest confidence rest in me, and remember me as one whose love is all your own."

"O," marmured Yu-lu, laying her head once more upon the youth's bosom, "I shall not foret you, and I shall surely believe that you love me. How blessed am I in my trust, for love and liberty have come together. Paul, I shall not doubt you. O, I shall not let this first sweet emotion of my send pass from me, so long as there is room for hope."

There were more words of love—more breathings of soul with soul—another pure kiss, and then Lan was summoned. She came in and gazed inquisitively upon the couple before her, but she could discover no trace of anything to move her suspicions, though she could see that Yu la had been weeping.

"Good Lan," said Paul, speaking with calm confidence, "I must leave the place now, and you may conduct me out. I have business at Fou-tching-yo, but I shall return this evening. So if you will keep watch through the day, I will let you sleep to night." And then turning to the maiden, he added:

"Ya la, you must keep up a good heart, for in one short month you will leave this place for the home of your prince, and perhaps you will be called away before. Ponder well upon what I have said, and do not forget that if you would secure your husbands' love, you must let him sees that you love him in return. Lead on, Lan."

The woman took her candle and led the way up to the interior of the pedestal, and here Paul adopped her.

"You will be very careful of the maiden," he aid, "for the prince has much fear that her

stopped her.
"You will be very careful of the maiden," he said, "for the prince has much fear that her heart is not all his. Watch her narrowly, and see that she does not escape."

The woman promised obedience, and than Paul watched to see how she opened the screen passage. He saw her seize a brass ring above, the moveable stone and give it a pall downwards. A sharp click accompanied this movemens, and then she took hold of a second ring, which was beneath the first, and having given it a pall outwards, the stone slowly settled from its place.

When the youth once more stood alone among the rains, he found that the first dim streaks of coming day were afready in the east. He sauk down upon a block of stone near the fee of the great joes, for he was overcome by the senoitous that had found place in his soul. It leaves for the fair being he had just loft was as strong as the pure affection of ages, and its roots were as deep in his heart; but it was the strunguess of the affair that worked most upon his nerves—the almost marvellous adventure he had experienced, and the sudden awakening of his whole being to and the sudden awakening of his whole being to almost marvellous adventure he had experienced, and the sudden awakening of his whole being to a new work of faith and love. He sat there all his heart beat more quietly, and then he prayed for the safety and peace of the gentle maides who had become as the very apple of his eye. He then went down to the river and bathed, and when the daylight had fairly come, he turned his steps towards the peasants' cost upon the hill, where he hoped to procure the disguise he needed.

#### CHAPTER IX.

A JOURNEY TOWARDS A NEW HOME

A JOURNEY TOWARDS A NEW MOMEN.

WHEN Paul reached the cot of Lin-fou he found
the family up, and though he ate breakfast with
them, yet he managed to evade the questions of
the old peasants os as not to excite suspicion,
and yet to satisfy their curviosity. After the meal
was finished, our hero measured with his eye the
size of Lin's eldest boy, and he thought his
dress would fit Yu-lu well, and after he had taken
his seat upon the bench outside to smoke with
his host, he asked if the boy had another suit of
clothes.

clothes. "One more suit," replied Lin—"a suit for the feativals, but he'll soon run away from it, for he grows fast. I wish they could make clothes that would grow, too. You see my two next children are girls, and it will be a long while before the little one can grow up to jump into his brother's garb. But we manage to wear them out."

them out."
"So I suppose. But now I happen to want a suit of boy's clothes, and I think your son's will be just the thing. I will take them of you, and pay you enough to buy new ones."

The peasant was so pleased with the offer that he forgot to ask any questions, so Paul was spared the necessity of deceiving him, and the conversation was soon changed to the subject of the ruined temples. At length Lin went in and fetched out the boy's clothes, and Paul found them much better than he had expected. The vest was of bine linen, and neatly trimmed about the skirr; the shirt was white and clean, and the trowsers were a sort of light buff. There was also a cap and boots, and with the whole our here was a perfectly satisfied. He paid for them enough to purchase a new suit, taking care to throw in a little over; but before the business was wholly finished he was obliged to tell Lin that he might take a boy with him to Shanghai.

tell Lin that he might take a boy with him to Shanghai.

After this business was concluded the youth account of the state of ground, and thus he passed the time until dinner was ready. He stopped to that meal, then smoked once more with Lin, and then, having tied up the clothes he had purchased, he took his way again towards the temples. His first impalse upon reaching the ruiss was to seek the side of Yu-lu at once, but upon second thought he concluded it would be better to wait until evening, for were he to go then, Lan might read the secret of his heart; so he conceaded the bundle of clothes, and then walked away down the valley, following the little river conceated the bundle of clothes, and then walked away down the valley, following the little river towards the distant town. He saw much upon the flowery banks of the stream that would, at another time, have afforded him keen satisfac-tion, but now his thoughts were elsewhere, and he was longing only for the flight of the lazy minutes:

he was longing only for the flight of the lasy minutes:

But time passed as it always passes, and in due time the shades of night were drawn over the temples. With a thrilling hope, Paul concealed the clothes under his own garb, and then knocked at the pedestail. The answer soon came, and he gave the signal of the whistle, and in a moment more the way was opened. The youth stepped in, and having closed the way behind him he followed Lan down the steps. He found Yu-lu looking pale and anxious, and as soon as Lam was gone he hastened forward and clasped the maiden to his bosom.

"You did not fear that I should remain away i" he said, as he imprinted a kiss upon her brow.

"No, I did not fear that I should remain away i" he said, as he imprinted a kiss upon the brow.

"No, I did not fear that," returned Yu-lu; "but yet I have been anxious all day long, and have hardly slept at all. O, the picture of my hopes seemed too bright for realization. And then Lan has been bidding me to be sure and love the prince, or I should have cause to regret it. She has kept his picture before me all the time when I have been awake, and when I have slept I have dreamed of him; and it seemed to me that he would come instead of you."

"But you see you have need for fear no more, dear Yule, I am come, and I have a discruise

slept I have a creamed of nim; and it seemed to me that he would come instead of you."

"But you see you have need for fear no more, dear Yu-lu. I am come, and I have a disguise with me which I am sure will suit you. Let us wait until Lan is asleep, and then we will open the way to lore and liberty. Smile upon me, Yu-lu, and let me know that you are happy—let me know that your fear are gone."

Yu-lu did look up and smile, and then she bowed her head upon her lover's bosom and burst into tears. It was a strange, wild happiness which she felt—a happiness such as had never before found a home in her bosom, and one which she could not analyze. She only knew that some new impulses had entered her soul—that old fears and repinings had gone, and that a burning, thilling tide was rolling over her leart.

"Those are not tears of grief, love," whispered Paul, winding both his arms about her fair

form.

"No, my soul's best friend. I have no grief "No, my soul's best friend. I have no grief now. All is hope—bright hope. I know you do not decive me, for if you do not decive me, for if you do my own soul is flate to me. If I weep, is is from too much of sudden joy. O, forgive me, Paul, if I love you too well so soon."

"Too well?" creed the emaptized youth, gaing down into the beautiful face of his fond companion. "O, that were impossible, for my soul can hold all your love, and that alone. Love me as well as you can—let every thought be mine—let every hope be centered in me, and you shall find how faithful is your trust. They were bogh happy then—as happy as the first warm sunshine of youthful joys can make the soul that has just expanded with the genial warmth. They gased upon each other, and they thought of no other heaven—they looked into each other's eyes, and they hoped not for brighter scenes. Yu-lu had forgotten the time of probation she had set, and with a bounding, harrising heart, she promised to be Paul's forever. The word was spoken—the magic charm was set, and those two hearts were one for life. The love that bound them was as strong and lasting as the pure principle upon which 'twas founded, and, as if by the touch of an angel's wand, their hopes and aspirations all turned into one channel. Henceforth they were to live for each other alone, and all their joys and sorrows were to be shared alike, though of sorrow they did not then think. They only thought of the joys that were to come, seeming to forget that even now they were encompassed round about by dangers, and that they were yet far, very far, from the full fruition of their hopes. Al length Yu-lu went softly to the room which Lan occupied, and found the saleep. She returned to be lover and communicated the fact. She removed the castly robe that enveloped her person, and upon donning the boy's clothest which Paul had brought, she found that they fluced her exactly. Her long tresses she tied up, and then placed the over not communicated

is, and with a wildly beating heart she clung to her lover's arm.

"Stop," said Paal, ere he had started to move sway; "I would like to fasten this door upon the outside, for Lan may soon discover our flight, and give the alarm."

But the thing was not so easily done, for in the first place it was too dark to see plainly, and in the next place there was hardly an opportunity to do the work, even had there been light, for the carving upon the rock was not deep, and it would have required a nice fit to brace a fastening between the gentle angles of the raised figures.

"I fear we must give it up," he resumed, after he had examined the place.

"It will not make much difference," said Yalu, who betrayed an anxiety to fice from the spot. "I do not think there is any one near here to whom Lan could look for help. The prince is surely in Nankin, and I am confident that he has given his secret to none who do not follow his person."

Paal did not wait long to ponder upon the matter, but drawing the arm of his companion within his own, he hastened away towards the bridge. This he crossed, and then took his way up the hill beyond, keeping the same road he had come, until he had reached the eastern plain. By this time it was ten o'clock, and the moon arose. Now the way was more clear, and the travellers moved along with more confidence. Paul had made up his mind to take the same road back that he had Iravelled in coming, for that ran far away from Nankin, and he knew all its peculiarities. Often on the way did our here stop for his fair companion to rest, but she did not detain him much. She was anxious to get along as fast as possible, and her strength served they will be a provided the well. Just at daylight they work here well and the way fit our here stop for his fair companion. They mode the rest of the day, and it was no until late in the evening that they stopped. They had reached a small, out-of-the-way latanlet, where a few poor teagrowers lived upon the banks of a small stream, and here they predated for hours he

And Yu-lu, too, seemed to love Paul Ardeen more and more, for she knew now that he was

generous and kind, noble and honest, and seru-pulously delicate and faithful. Her very tones and glances told how he was winning upon her deeper love, by opening more and more of his noble traits to her understanding, and by that inneshible, electric influence which flows from the companionship of genial souls. She had loved him before, but now she had learned to look up to him as one worthy of all her confidence and esteem.

to him as one worthy of all her confidence and estecen.

And thus they loved, and as they rode they talked of their love, and painted bright pictures which were to have a being in the future.

"Your home is far away from here?" said Xo.la, after Paul had been telling her of the peace they should there find.

"Yes.—were fas," returned her lover, with a glance of quiet hope into her glowing features.

"Were you born there?"

"Yes, Yu-lu," he said, without hesitation. "I have not meant to deceive you. I was born and veared in a far distant land."

"England."

"England."

"England."

"England."

"England."

and our prince—or our emperor, even, will not dave to molest me there. We all have heard of your country, then, for the way your people who opened our closed port is was your people who opened our closed port is to their vessels, and even brought the great emperor to sue for peace."

"You will love me none the less now that you know I of your own or none the your own of your own country."

their vessels, and even brought the great emiperor to so no for peace."
"You will love me none the less now that you know I am not of your own coantry?"
"O, it seems to me that I shall love you more, for here we means to me that I shall love you more, for here we means to me that I shall love you more, for here we means is but a poor slave at best. Some of them—most of them, perhaps—know not that they are capable of any higher station than the mere slave of man, but I could never feel so, for I know that God has given me impalies which war with such relations and sentiments. O, if you can give me the home you promise, I cannot be else but very happy. I care not for the wealth of the world—I only sak for the wealth of true love, and the right to think and act as though I had a soul."
"You shall surely have all this," Paul returned. "You shall learn my language, and, then we can speak more sweetly of our love," he deded, einhusiastically.
You languad up into her lover's face with a wondering expression, and at length she asked him to speak to her some words of his own. He did so, and she smiled as she tried to pronounce them; but she spoke them well, though, and eve half an hour had elapsed she asked Paul in his own language, if he loved her, if he would in his own language, if he loved her, if he would in his own language, if he loved her, if he would in his own language, if he loved her, if he would in his own language, if he loved her, if he would in his own language, if he loved her, if he would in his own language, if he loved her, if he would have prefered not have a supposed to her means the suppose. Before night she could repeat the Lord's prayer and translate all its meaning, and in the efforts she had learned much of the pure religion which Paul held in his heart.

That evening they found shelter at the house of a passant, and on the following morning they set forward again. They did not ride so fast now, for Yu-lu found it fatiguing work, though at a slow pace his own language, and the occupation was s

they retired to their room, and sat down by the window which overlooked the yard.

The dusky shades of evening were beginning to fall upon the earth, and one by one the distant objects were belended into the dim background. Paul had just heard his sweet companion recite one of her newly acquired lessons, when he was startled by the sound of a horse's fortall. The tramp was quick and strong, and the animal was evidently coming on at a dashing, fieadlong pace, and that, too, from the point whence he and Ya'lu had come. He gazed eagerly out into the gathering gloom, and in a few moments more the horse dashed up into the yard, and the rider dismounted. A sharp, quick utterance of pain escaped from our hero's lips, and a sudden tremor shook his frame, for in the new-comer he had recognized the Juggler of Ninkin of Again the fear of that strange man had come over him, but it was a stronger, deeper fear than had felt before, for now he had a dim dread for another beside himself—another whom he had felt be than himself—another whom he dark man enter the inn, he turned quickly towards Ya'lu as though he would save her from some impending, fearful danger.

[7 On BE CONTINUES.]

## SIR CHARLES NAPIER.

SIR CHARLES NAPIER.

An English paper uses a rather free penell in the following sheeth: "Imagine," says the cition," a farmer-looking man, with a fat feec, thick lips, and a tremendous nose covered with snuff; targe cars, like two flasps of a saddle, and 'Uncle Ned' in lyric history, with no wool to peak of on the top of his head, although his phrenological developments display an extensive surface where the wool ought to grow; the head placed on the body of a stanted alderman, whose back, with one shirr collar up and the other down, his waistcoat buttoned avery, and his shirf-front smeared with snuff—and you have the portrait of Sir Charles Napler."

[Written for The Flag of our Union.] NAPOLEON.

BY WILLIAM R. LAWRENCE

A mighty soul was his to dare; An iron will to guide; But wee to him whose puny arm That giant strength defied.

#### A SILENT WITNESS.

BY GILBERT LE FEVRE.

I was a resident of Rome in the winter of 1839, pursuing a course of law study that was pertinent to a purpose at that time influencing me, and my associations necessarily brought me war often into the perty course of the city, where criminals were most summarily tried, often being sensenced to the death penalty and executed in the same hour. But at that time the populace were in a peculiarly fermented condition, and every third person was suspected as a conspirator; the duageous being througed the while with innocent and guilty, throw indiscriminately together.

Notwithstanding this sad wtate of affairs, justice was not unfrequently meted out to those on trial with great skill, judgment, and actual knowledge of human nature. It was a fine school for my purpose, and I gained much experience for after service in the five months which I passed in the "Exernal City." It was while in attendance at one of these petty courts, as they were designated, and yet where cases involving the penalty of life and death were constantly being tried, that I winnessed a scene that has suggested the title with which I have prefaced this sketch.

A fearful and singular murder had been committed by some foul wretch the previous might in the outskirts of the city, upon the person of a young and beautiful girl of humble rank in life, but who was yet well known in her neighborhood for her excellent character, her personal beauty, and her unostentations charities in, this city of beggars. The authorities who took the matter in hand to investigate, were entirely at a loss for a long time as to what possible motive could have intended the perpetrator of the deed. It could not have been robbery, as there was not the least article disturbed; the deed alone was the purpose of whoever had entered frequent and decided attentions from many youthful admirers, among whom was Carlo Stozzi, whom the neighbor of Surette. Carlo Stozzi was found among the lamenting through the supposed to be on such an occasion, and yet for some reason which did not a

honesily, and the judges for a moment seemed puzzled, and whispered together in consultation. An officer was quietly summoned to the seat of the judges, and some directions were whispered to him, after which the prisoner was again engaged in answering fresh questions from the judges. In the meantime I observed the officer just referred to, approach the little table beside which the prisoner stood, and without attracting his attention deposit something upon it as he passed. When he had left the table I saw laying there a bright silletto, or dagger, which had not been there before! The judges continued their questions for some moments longer, when the table, and apparently all unconscious of what he did, placed it in his bosom, in the usual place where the fallains wear the dagger.

The singularity of permitting the prisoner turning from them noticed the weapon upon the table, and apparently all unconscious of what he did, placed it in his bosom, in the usual place where the fallains wear the dagger.

The singularity of permitting the prisoner turning the continued their questions of the judge's face, who had thus far extend as the spokesman of the rest, caused an top an acred as the spokesman of the rest, caused me to pause and watch for some denoument that I half restilled was shout to follow the act of the prisoner's possessing himself of the weapon that the officer had so lately placed upon the table. My friend had already divined the course of the whole business, and bid in me be silent, for the judge was about to address the accused.

"Why have you placed that silicito in your bosom !" saked the judge.

judge was about to address the accused.
"Why have you placed that stiletto in your bosom?" asked the judge.

"Because it is the usual place where I carry" was the unconscious answer.
"Then the weapon is your own?" asked the

Judge.

"Whose else could it be 1"

"You acknowledge that it is your stiletto 1"

"I do 1" replied the half hesitating prisoner, or we seeing his own danger, and realizing the fearful power of this silent witness?

"Take the prisoner hence," said the judge, "he dies to-morrow!"

"Take the prisoner hence," said the judge, "he dies to-morrow!"

Such was the brief, summary, but just trial of a culprit, a murderer. The dagger, though it to bore no evidence of being his, was yet identified as his property, by placing it thus within his reach. It had been found that morning in the roach. It had been found that morning in the roach. It had been found that morning in the roach. It had been found that morning in the roach. It had been found that morning in the roach. It had been found that morning in the roach. It had been found that morning in the roach. It had been found that morning in the roach. It had been found that morning in the roach. It had been found that morning in the roach of the strangest of Stozia had dropped it after murdering Starten, except the committed, act and the sequent of the story is the strangest of the story is the sequent of the story is the strangest of the story is the story is the story in the story is the s

cartiey.

"And did you not love Carlo Stonzi?"

"Not I; he was bold and bad."

I opened my eyes in amazement, and walked on, musing upon the subject, and that silent witness?

[Written for The Flag of our Union.]

## THE HEADLESS HORSE.

BY THE OLD 'UN.

During the occupation of Boston by British troops, the military regulations enforced by the British commander were, it is well known, very severe. The inhabitants were not permitted to be abroad after nine o'clock in the evening without a special permit, and at that hour, all lights were required to be extinguished. The streets were patrolled to see that the order had been obeyed, the sentinels were posted, and then, as there were no street lamps, darkness reigned through the town, broken only occasionally when a shell traversed the air in a parabolic curve, shedding its baleful radiance like a meteor on the murthy night.

The armed occupants of Boston were by no means easy in their quatern—the patriots were gathering round then, and provisions became extremely searce. After Lexington, and Concord, and Bunker Hill, the high spinis of the British army were broken, and though Burgoyne wrote farces, and this staff enacted them in Fan-eall Itali, there was nothing factical in their position. Where British officers promeasing on Beacon Hill fancied they heard bullets from air-standard through the state of constant perturbation. They were almost as much afraid of invisible enemies as the Puritass were of unseen spirits of evil. They lived in a land of witcherfut, and began to believe that the old colonial superstitions had their foundation in fact.

were of unseen spirits of evil. They lived in a land of witcheraft, and began to believe that the old colonial supersitions had their foundation in fact.

One night a squad of the patrol, under the command of a non-commissioned Hossian officer, were marching through Common Street, on their way to their quarters on Fox Hill, on the Common. It was a hazy, starlight night, and the dark houses and trees were fused in a mass of shade. Suddenly a white object was observed moving towards them in the street.

"Halt? who goes there?" cried the Hessian. There was no reply.

"Ready—men; present!" cried the officer; but his parched throat and trembling lips refused to frame the word "fire!" for moving past him noiselessly and awfully, he beheld a headless horse, his long tail streaming in the night air.

"Did you see it?" he whispered to his men. Yes—they all saw li—and the way the squad scrambled to camp was a caution. They said not a word of their adventure; but they all felt that the vision portended evil—perhaps death to the beholders.

A night or two afterwards another party saw the same apparation. This time the headles horse was galloping furiously through the street, but though he seemed a heavy animal, full fifteen hands high, his hoofs made no noise upon the ground and struck no fire from the flints, too, and now nothing was talked of but the headless horse.

And now the apparition appeared nightly and always at the same bour. It was formally re-

too, and now nothing was talked of but the headless horse.

And now the apparition appeared nightly and always at the same hour. It was formally reported to General Gage.

"The fool flend has got into the heads of our fellows!" he exclaimed angrily. "Every one seems to have lost his senses. There's a spell in this rebel air. I don't know who invented this story, hat. I'm determined to sift it to the botton."

That very evening, wrapped in his cloak, the general took post not far from where Park Street Church now stands. He had not been waiting long, when a white object came gliding rapidly towards him. He advanced into the street, to get a nearer view, and to his astonishment beheld a headless white horse gliding slowly past him. A strange emotion took possession of him. A strange emotion took possession of rse gliding slowly past on took possession of held a headless white horse gliding slowly past him. A strange emotion took possession of him; he thought of the pale horse in Revela-tions, and he wondered no longer that his soldies had been frightened. Recovering his presence of mind, he cocked and fired his pistol at the re-treating object. Though he covered it well, the animal vanishes unharmed. The discharge of the pistol created an alarm, which, however, was soon quieted; and the general never assigned the real reason for his firing.

In due time the British evacanated Boston, and the American army under General Washington entered and took possession.

One night a group of soldiers and citizens were assembled in the bar-room of the Green Drugon, discussing the plans of the campaign.

"Say what you will," said one, "the British soldiers have got pluck—that you can't deny."

"Pahaw!" said a one-cyed man, with a quizzi-soldiers have got pluck—that you can't deny."

"Pahaw!" said a one-cyed man, with a quizzi-soldiers have got pluck—that you can't deny."

"Pahaw!" said a one-cyed man, with a quizzi-sold expression of countenance, who had hitherto taken no part in the discourse, "I would't give much for their pluck. I know the easy enough to skeer 'em without trying: mighty hard either. Yve got and the with the said and the group and the plant of t

GEORGIANA THE ACTRESS.

She had been educated as a dancer from infanty. She had been on the stage all her lifebally and the control of the co

many can say with her, that life has been "One perpetate growth of heaveward enterprise."

And this flower blossomed within the valls of a theatre; was the indigenous growth of that theatre—a util flower, if you like—but still sending up the rich fragrance of grantidude to Him by whose hand it was fashioned. To the eye of the pharises—who denounces all dramatic representations to the pharises—who denounces all dramatic represents he boldly approaches the throne of merry—this ballet grid, like the poor publican, stood "afar off." To the eyes of the great Judge, which shoot the nearer!

Her devotion to her pain live early youth his ballet grid, like the poor publican, stood "afar off." To the eyes of the great Judge, which shoot the nearer!

Her devotion to her pain live early youth his ballet grid, like the poor publican, stood "afar off." To the eyes of the great Judge, which shoot the exact has the stood of the property of the

"A fair still home well kept, Which humble thoughts had swept, And holy prayers made clean?" Mrs. Mowatt's Autobiogra

[Written for The Flag of our Union.]

BY T. D. WILKINS

isions bright and beautiful, whither have ye fied? ones above my wanderlog path ur radiant light o'erspread. olden dreams by fancy brought, cheer each passing day; n now your pleasures most are so here have ye fied away?

, there was joy in former years,
When time flew gally by,
and brought no heavy cloud of tears.
No grief, or long-drawn sigh,
tut when the bours on aliver wings
Flew lightly, softly on,
til filled with glad and happy things
That now, alsa, are gone!

he flowers that as un-In lovelinous of hir, and with their fragrant breath perfu Their summer's balmy air; heir beauty mingled in my dreams, And charmed my raptured eye; for my believing heart had deemed That they were doomed to die.

Ambition sees a glittering price
In the bright sunbeams shine,
And offers love a sacrifice,
Upon his stony shrine.
He goes where boundless wastes are spre
In fruitiess deserts isld;
O'er barren hills he bends his tread,
To grasp, at length—a shade!

Vain men! we follow beauty's glare,
Ambition's fleeting schemes;
We treasure visions bright and fair,
And e'en believe our dreams.
We pluck the flowers at random cas
Bright gems that Nature made;
But when their little life is past,
We wonder that they fade.

[Written for The Flag of our Union.]

#### PASQUINO'S BRIDE.

BY CHARLES E. WAITE.

#### CHAPTER I:

Of all the fairest cities of the earth, one are so fair as Florence. 'Tis a gem purest ray, a treasure for a casket!'

My Violanta!" said the Count Garzia,

"My Violanta!" said the Count Garzia, whis daughter.

The lady thus addressed, turned her head, but appeared entirely absorbed in the contemplation of something in the distance.

"My daughter!" repeated the count, gently pulling a slight mantle upon her shoulders. The mantle fell, and the head turned, revealing the blushing features of Violanta Garzia, destined to be a countess in her own right, and beautiful by the rare gift of heaven.

"Who just left you "I"

"He appeared, by his conversation, to be a Venetian," returned Violanta, coloring still more deeply.

re deeply.

more useply.

"His name!"

"I know is not," said the daughter, with some hesitation; "he addressed me as if an old acquaintance, and I supposed I might have forgotten him."

ance, and I supposed I might have longoiten him."

The Count Garzia ordered his carriage and attendants, and drove quickly and gloomly from the splendid masquerade in the ducal gardens, to his own palace.

Violanta was an only child, and the pride of Venice. There was not a mask, nor a court ball, nor a fete of any description, in which she did not shine the most radiant of all the noble ladies of that fair city. At an early age she had been deprived of her mother, and she was now the the one of the most palace of a becaved and nearly heart-broken parent. For Count Garzia had been fondly statched to his lady, who was one of the most lovely, as well as one of the most virtuous dames that had ever graced the nobilita of Italy.

Italy.
When Violanta came that night to receive her father's good-night kiss, he imprinted it silently and coldly upon her beautifully polished fore-head, and holding her little soft hands, he gazed down into those moist, full eyes, as if he would read her soal in them:
"We -d-siling!"

head, and holding her little soft hands, he gased down into those moist, full eyes, as if he would read her soul in them.

"My darling!"
"My dearest father!"
"Beware of masked strangers at court fetes!"
and dropping her hands, he stepped sorrowfully into a balcony to indulge his reflections, without uttering another word.

Violanta had been an hour in her chamber. Garais atill leaned in meditation upon the stone railing of the balcony. Below him, flowed in silver windings, the Anno, and the monobeams lay calmly upon its smooth bosom. Suddenly the notes of a guitar broke the stillness of the hight, accompanied by a sweet, yet manly voice, singing a Venetian bacrache. It southed the disturbed spirits of the count, and he might havyidded to its influence and slept; but quickly a suspicion seized him, and taking a lamp, he went to his daughter's room. She lay nestled behind her damask curtains, with her soft, round arms folded across her bosom, her eyelids closed, and her face wearing an expression of innocent repose. The casement was open. He looked out. In the street below was the stranger of the manaquerade. He closed the casement, extinguished the light, and departed, convined that his daughter's heart was proof against incognito sevenaders.

He should have been there a moment afterwards, when the counterfeit slumberer jumped lightly from the silker coach, and encade a pair of little naked feet in velves tippers,—when the casement few up, and a soft hand was extended through it, and a softer voice munured:

"Praced, I am listening."

Befure he arose next morning, Carria decided to quit his city residence, and set out immediately for his summer palses among the Appenince.

"Then," thought he, "will my child's to quit his city residence, and set out immediately for his summer palses among the Appenince.

"Then," thought he, "the equipage stood in heart develop in all their lovelings, fee from the trenptations which necessantly surround her in this gay, heartless, dusty city." His equipage stood in

the court, the horses glistening with the silver and spangles of their harnessings, and the panels of the coach blazoned with half the arms of beraldry. He called Violanta to him, and communicated to her bis purpose.

"O, the glorious Appenines!" said she, joyouly clapping ber hands; and palling down her father's face, she pressed her cheek to his. "Prepare quickly!" said the count: "the carriage waits alread yi! And he went to give some orders to his steward during his absence; greatly astonished, and re sasured, by the alserity with which his daughter entered into his plant. The palace was closed and barred, the postilions monnted, and the carriage was soon rumbling over the rocky roads in the direction of the Appenines.

And while upon their journey, gentle reader, let us give you a cleaver insight into the character of the lovely Florentine. Violanta Garzia was a true daughter of Italy. She was all passion. Deprived at an early age of the parent who alone could mould her mind and heart in unison with the softer impulses of her sex, she had grown up with all her faculties warmed and stimulated under the burning aun of the glorious clime in which she lived. She loved her father most tenderly; she was proud of his beauty, and honors, and often, as she leaned upon his shoulders, and threaded with her leander fingers his dark curls, she had wondered if there were any affection which could supersed the love she bore him. Ah, Violantal yu were soon to find an answer to a question which has purzled many a maiden before you. She had seen and conversed with the beautiful stranger, at the fets in the ducal gardens of the Boboli, and a sudden, deep, and ineffecache passion had arisen in her bosom. Her soft, eloquent eyes had spoken more love during that brief interview, than could have been expressed in language in a day; and they had parted mutually waver of each other's preference.

Crack, crack, went the whips of the postilions cased cracking their whips, the man in the dickey danced his head, and put on the seat at

pasteboard mask, from the mouth of which protruded the little piece of ivory used in disguising the voice.

"Could signore tell me in which of his trunks his treasures lie? It would save the trouble of overhauling them all."
The count looked first at his pistols, then at the bandits around him, then at his pallid child, who hung quivering upon his arm, and then pointed out the precious booty. Jewels and plate vanished like magic, and the trunks were empty before any one could tell where the plunder was stowed.

"If the signora will dance with me a coranto upon the green, I will remit half the spoil!" said the robber, in his softest tone, and in the politest Italian.

Violanta blushed, and cast down the long, dark finges of her eyes. She looked as if she more than half liked the idea of dancing with handsome bandit; still she withheld her consent, until on casting her eyes up to the face of her father, she read approval in his looks.

The light clicking of castanets and the sounds of a guitar were heard, as some outcomed the trings, and Violanta, with her robber partner, stepped out upon the green. Garzia mounted into his carriage to witness the scene at his leisure.
"Begin!" and Violanta pointed, for the first

leisure.

"Begin " and Violanta pointed, for the fi
step, a foot that would have drawn a sigh fre
Praxiteles.

step, a foot that would have drawn a sigh from Praxiteles.

As they whirled in the dance, crack again, went a new position's whip; away galloped the Count Garzia's equipage, and it was lost among the deflies and forests of the Appenines. The last that was heard was the report of the count's pistol, as he endeavored to shoot, through his carriage windows, the reacally robber who was beating his horses.

The fairy feet stopped tripping; Violanta's eyes flashed indignant fire, and throwing upon her partner a look of ineffishle esorn, she disengaged herself from his arms.

"What means this! Restore me to my father!"

father!"
The bandir removed his mask, and revealed a fair and beautiful face. Above a mouth almost feminion in its beauty of color and outline, was a slight moustache; the nose was Greek and classie, and in the dark, humid eyes there was an expression of melancholy, which would have morved the compassion of the executioners of St. an expression

Agatha.

"Ah, why have you separated me from my father?" said Violanta, more softly, as she recognized the stranger of the masquerade. The

dark, sweeping lashes drooped in maiden shame over her eyes, and she looked irresistible.
"I will tell you," said the handsome chevaller; and unresisted, he placed his arm round her, and led her to a bank of the greenest tuf under a linden tree. His tale was a very delightful one, to judge by the manting checks of the maiden at his side, but it was intolerably long, for he sat above an hour with the pretitest hand in Flor-ence within his paints, which he repeatedly raised to his lips in passionate tenderness. It was a lovely taddeus; they would have done admirably as Juan and Haidee.

#### CHAPTER II.

There is a glorious city in the sea.
The sea is in the broad, the narrow s
Ebbing and flowing; and the salt sea
Clings to the marble of her palaces."

The rea le in the brood, the narrow streets, and college to the mache of the pastecs. The college of the Adriatic. The dawning sun is reflected from a thousand minarets and domes, which rise mosque-like into the clear air. The glistening of her palaces,—lunge piles of more than oriental appender, the residences of her merchant-princes,—and the merry calls of the early gondoliers appender, the residences of her merchant-princes,—and the merry calls of the early gondoliers choing among the palace arches as they glide mysteriously to and fro, are the only sounds to disturb the morning silence.

The young sunbeams stream with difficulty through the richly-cutained windows into a juxuriously furnished chamber of a palace that borders upon the canal which flows under the Risito. The walls are richly tapestried, and the floor is covered with several thicknesses of heavy Turkey carpets. Upon one side of the apartment is a couch, glowing with sumptuces hangings of rimson volvet with golden fringes; and all around are niches, containing copies of the most perfect works of Grecian art, done exquisitely in marble, and colbred by the gorgeous dyes of the curtains and hangings. A young man, handsomely attired, stands gracefully studying a stauests of the Greek Antoniums, which revise in one of the cryptain. "You could have told, easily "You could have told, easily

statuates of the Greek Antonians, which resis in one of the crypts.

"Pasquino!" You could have told, easily enough, the voice of Violanta, as it came from within the curtains of the couch, clear as a bell, yet soft as a flute.

"Mio care omico!"

within the curtains of the couch, clear as a bell, yet soft as a flute.

"Mio care omice?"

"Why do you go away so early, and leave me alone all day!" A beautiful head and alabaster shoulders appeared from behind the hangings.

"Is is not through want of fondness for you;" and Pasquino went up to his wife and pressed her lovely cheek to his; there was sorrow in his large, melancholy eyes as he did it.

"Will you uto stay with me to-day?" The voice and expression of the supplicant would have tempted 58. Anthony, but Pasquino pressed his mouth to her rich young lips, murmaring:

"Would that I might! Adies, my darling!"

"Would that I might! Adies, my darling!"

"Would this im. Stepping lightly aboard, the vessel shot swiftly into the canal, and under the flaito,—the stee beak flashing in the sunshine, and the water glancing on the oar blades. It would be fraitless to attempt to describe the labyrinths of streets which the gondolier thread. He ultimately entered a low-arched passage, and after rowing with a vehemence that made every seam in the gondola quiver, its steel prow struck fire on a granite step, and Pasquino steppel lightly out. Ascending a flight of steps, he passed through a mase of galleries, and on nativing at a low, mean looking door, unlocked it and entered. All around were scattered the implements of a student of Canova's art. On a table, at one side of the room, were a mallet, and chieles, and a most exquisite model in plaster of Psyche; near by was the unfinished status itself. About the room were scattered various other statuse and busts, and in an obscure corner was a low bed with white curtains, at the head of which hung suspended a crucifix. Pasquino doffed his richly embroidered coat, and the head of which hung suspended a crucifix. Pasquino doffed his richly embroidered coat, and the sea a

head of which hung suppended a crudity. Pasquino doffed his richly embroidered coat, and putting on a little white leasther apron, proceeded assiduously to mould the voluntuous beauty of his Psyche.

And so, the stranger of the masquerade, the serenader, the gallant bandit, the beautiful Pasquino, enriched with the love of the superb Violanta, was nothing but a sculptor!

"Good evening, my Pasquino!" murmured two sweet lips, as his goodols grazed against the marble stops of his palace. A soft arm was thrown around his neet, and Violanta never looked more trusting, confiding, and innocent. But in the depths of her Italian heart she had conceived a plan for ascertaining what it was that occupied him all day, and kept him from her armas.

Two minutes after Pasquino's bark had swept under the Rialio on the next morning, another goodols glided out of the palace entrance, and into the broad canal, sitently and mysteriously dogging its course. Its sole occupants were a lady closely veiled, who sat upon the low cushion, and a ruddy gondolier with his throat and bosom hare, who rowed his noiseless boat with exquisite skill round difficult corners, and under black bridge-arches. Silently he rowed through that city of secrets and mystery, and as the gondolis shark had but just turned, Violanta jumped out, and tripped nimbly up in pursuit of her sculptorhushand. She followed him with a foot as light as that of the fairy Fenella,—saw him open the humble portal, gave a beggar acelline for telling heart, and an unwonted sternness upon her polished brow.

When Pasquino returned that evening, Violanta pumped out, and tripped singly upon the corners and mystery, and as a ching heart, and an unwonted sternness upon her polished brow.

poisshed brow. When Pasquino returned that evening, Vio-lanta proposed that they should row out into the lagoon. He joyfully complied. The gondoliers dipped their oars; with a few strokes they clear-ch the masy alleys and canals of Venice, and the blue waters of the Adriatic rippled against the gondola's prow. A thin vapor floated around them, but the moon shone clear and bright from a cloudless ky.

them, but the moon stone crear and origin from a cloudless sky.

"Pasquino mio!" said Violanta, suddenly, "you have never told me who you are. I have

asked you an hundred times, but you have al-

asked you an hundred times, but you have always stopped my questions with kisses."

"I am the husband of a bride who would set
half the men in Venice crary."

There was a pause; his head rested on her
lap, and her jewelled fingers played with his
beautiful dark curls.

"Are you fond of art?"

Pasquino raised his head, and gazed with
strange carnestness upon his bilde. A half
scorrulu smile played around the mouth of the
fair Florentine, and her eyes flashed as she repeated the question.

"Before I saw you, it was the only mistress
that I worshipped," said Pasquino.
"Perhaps you were a sculptor," she said.

"Taunt me not!" said he, sitting proudly
erect, and folding his arms across his bosom;
"but lister! A month since, in my quies studio,
I wa pursuing that calling for which Heaven
has inspired me, with a hely and noble passion.
In an evil hour I learned that a rich man had
died in Florence, bequeathing me an immense In an evil hour I learned that a rich man had died in Florence, Sequesthing me an immense fortune. I dropped my chied, and went to possess myself of my Florentine wealth. The night I arrived in the city there was a masque at Duke Leopold's palace. I diagnised myself, and mingled with the giltering throng of maskers. I saw you, and,—but there is no necessity for repeating that part of the tale. I played the brigand, and stole you from your father's bosom. I bought the palace near the Rilaito, placed you in it as its mistress, and my bride. And for three weeks I senjoyed unalloyed blist; for 0, how I loved you, Violanta! A week ago the bubble burst. A nearce heir to my uncle's property was found,—a son who was supposed to have been dead. He stripped me of my suddenly acquired wealth,—at the same time, however, generously giving me a considerable present, and offering me a large sum for a statue of Psyche, upon which I am now engaged, and which has been the cause of my long absences. With these I hoped to maintain you, in the state due to your rank; but the dream has passed! "He choked down his emotions, and a look of strenness sat on his beautiful features, which were pale and ummored as marble.

A soft, white arm encircled his neck, a soft check was pressed to his cold face, and a sweet voice warbled: "You have a noble soul, my Psaquino, and I am yout bride."

He laid his hand upon the masses of her raven hair, and gasing into a face beaming with the purity and love of the wirgin, renewed his vows to cherish and protect her, with a fervor and eloquence prompted by his excited and fier yphitis.

Lightly the gondoliers dipped their oars, and sliently swam the little vessel upon the crystal bosom of the psaceful Adriatic. Suddenly, a light skiff, bound into the laggoon, came ploughing through the darkening mist to be avoided, rushed crashing into the gondola's bows. Violanta shricked, but Psaquino seized her in his arms, and stepping lightly upon the gunwale of his inking boat, and a west who have a noble gird on h

An amusing instance of Hibernian simplicity is afforded by the following little sorry told by a friend, in whose words we give it: Molly, our housemaid, is a model one, who handles the broomstick like a scepter, and who has an abstraction of the model of the second of the housemaid, is a model one, who handles the broomstick like a scepter, and who has an abstract of the second of the second

We guessed at her chumar-assurant, to relieve it, by reading the letter. Sill she hericated, while she twisted a bit of raw cotton in hericated, while she twisted a bit of raw cotton in hericated, while she resumed, "in a hat's jist what! a want but it she's a gentleman like yerself that would be likin' to know or the ascerts between us, and so (here she twisted the cotton quite nervously) if it ill only place yet honor, while nervously if it ill only place yet honor, while result is present to the property of the proper

[Written for The Flag of our Union.] THERE'S MUSIC.

DY MARIA JOHNSON

There's music still around me, Soft floating through my ear; In every breath that fans the tree In every round I hear. There's music in the tempest, That sweeps the earth and sea, And music in the summer sky When not a cloud I see.

Above, below, o'er all around, Sweet music ever floats; And garden, grove and wood resou With nature's Joyful notes. The heart of man alone can make Discordant, nature's veloe; The heart of man alone can wake, Forever to rejoice.

[Written for The Flag of our Union.]

PHRENOLOGY IN NEW ENGLAND.

Witten for The Flag of our Union.)

PHRENOLOGY IN NEW ENGLAND.

Phrenology is now so firmly established and favorably regarded, that there is no more need of arguing its truth than of arguing that the world is round. The disbelievers in phrenology are just about as numerous and as influential as those who adhere to the notion that the world is a vasst plain, and the place they live in is exactly in its centre. Argument would be wasted in trying to uphold either the mental philosophy of Copenicus. If the mass of facts which has been laid before the public, and upon which no intelligent person can shat his eyes, fails to secure an assent to those systems, the dissenters must be left to the "cold comfort" of increduilty. It was in 1832, we believe, that Doctor Spurnheim came to America, and after lecturing on phrenology in various places for a few months, died very unddenly in this city. His eloquence, scholarship, and association with Doctor Gall, kindled much interest in the science, but by the multitude he was looked upon as a "bumbugi" and by certain college professors was stigmation college and the college of the control of the large cities and towns throughout the Union. He met with less success than even his "illustrious predecessor," mainly, we think, because he refused to examine heads, and therefore did not give those practical proofs of the science, which the American midmust and will have before embracing a new thing.

A very different method was adopted by Measra.

O. S. & L. N. Powler, who began their carery.

must and will have before embracing a new thing.

A very different method was adopted by Messrs.

O. S. & L. N. Fowler, who began their career as phrenological lecturers and examiners a short time before Doctor Spurzheim's arrival. Their fish in the science was so strong that they were willing to undergo the most novel and severe practical test—examining beads blindfolded, telling the occupation of strangers from their developments, and reading character from skulls, busts and portraits. So many were their "good hist," and so few their mistakes under these searching tests, that in a comparatively short period they triumphed over the ulliness of ignorance on the one hand, and the conceit of learning on the other. Phrenology, which the former builders of educational seminaries rejected, has become the chief corner-tone in several new and thriving colleges at the West; and the twis science of physiology, which the former builders of educational seminaries rejected, has become the chief corner-tone in several new and thriving colleges at the West; and the twis science of physiology, which the former builders of educational seminaries rejected, has been not less active in disseminating by lectures and books, is studied in common achools excurywhere.

About ten years ago, the Brothers Fowler hormed acoparturership with S. R. Wells, of New York, for the purpose of opening in that city a phenological cohinat and publishing-house. The enterprise successed most wonderfully, especially in the sale of works bearing on physical and intellectual improvement. A great used being felt in New Bagland of a branch establishment, one was opened at 142 Washington street, Booton, in the asturn of 1823. It was placed in charge of Mr. D. P. Butler, as phenological examiner, teacher, etc., and of Mr. C. J. Humbleton, as bookseller, business man, etc. These gentlemen have since been admirted as partner with F. & W., and the firm is styled "Fowlers, Wells & Co." Mr. Butler was selected by the Fowlers many years ago as having exactly the r

dollars are received in a day.

Phrenological science is illustrated and "made casy " to students, by a cabinet of 6fty skulls, two handred casts (mostly from life), and one hundred paintings. These skulls, casts and paintings show every grade of human development, and includes such men as Oberlin, Franklin, Washington, and J. Q. Adams, contrasted with such ones as Nero, Aaron Barr, Gibbs, the pirate, and Doctor Dodd the forger.

In order to deserve a true friend, we mu

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# PHATHE EER FLAG of our UNION San State of State of States

FREDERICK GLEASON, PROPRIETY

MATURIN M. BALLOU, EDITOR

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CONTENTS OF OUR NEXT NUMBER "The Bushman's Fate," a stery, by Etizaskin Landsai "Trials of an Editor," a sketch, by Mrs. M. E. Rosin

LED <sup>10</sup>L.

"The Were Wolf," a story, by James de Mille.

"The Miner's Bride," a tale, by Alice May.

"Lines to Mary," by W. Wallace Gourle.

"Death of Friends," lines, by William E. Law

"Lost," stanzas, by T. D. William E. Law

"The Child's Dream." verses, by Fanny Bril. "Lost?" stanzas, by T. D. WILKINS.
"The Child's Dream," verses, by Fanny Bell
"My Grave," poem, by S. W. Habeltine
"Tears for the Dead," lines, by C. G. DUBN.

ARTICLES DECLINED.

'Lines to Kate," "Hear! Hear!" "The Smoking sch," "A Ballad," "Flowers," "Weep not," "Des r," "Gome to my Grave," "Lines for an Album, une," "Payer," "Home," "The Spirit Lesson."

#### THE LATE EXCITEMENT.

THE LATE EXCITEMENT.

During the late excitement in this city touching the matter of the slave, Anthony Burns, and his trial, before Commissioner Loring, there have been many phases of principle, and the peculiar working of our system of government exhibited. Though fanatisiem extended to even murder itself, and though leading, unprincipled, and wicked men, even some presended ministers of the goupel, have done all in their power to incite the mob to violence, yet all this spirit of treason has been signally rebuied by the calm, steady front of law and order. The military of our city have had an opportunity to establish their great and manifest importance, and have shown themselves prompt in an extreme emergency and reliable on all occasions.

themselves prompt in an extreme emergency and reliable on all occasions.

The officers of the general government deserve all praise for the unahaken firmness they have displayed in the discharge of their daty—a daty, no doubt, unpleasant to them, but being the law, it was a daty to discharge its requirements faithfully. We say that they deserve all praise for their patient forbearance, yet steady firmness. His honor, Dr. J. V. C. Smith, the Mayor of Boston, exhibited on this occasion, a calm deliberation that inspired all confidence—and evinced qualities which only great occasions can show a man possessed of. He was resolved to sustain the laws, and in spire of threats and brow-beating he did so.

It is not for us to defend the "peculiar institution" of slavery. God knows we love it not; but we do love the law of the land, and so long at that law guarantees protection to certain property that belongs to make the contraction of the

ution of siarcey. Good knows we love it not; but we do love the law of the land, and so long as that law guarantees potection to certain progrety that belongs to our brethren of the South, so long we hope to see it enforced. The ballot box is the place to right fancied political injuries, and it can never be done by mobs, fanatical preaching, or incendiary speechemsking to excited multitudes. There are in this city a few mosty, reckless men who should be abut up every time any matter of general public interest occurs, for they are sure to medidle with it, and to make themselves riticitious, and break the laws.

The law must and will be executed, says the president, and every good citizen will second this declaration heart and hand; and when you find a man openly counselling violence to the laws, be careful how you trust him,—he is a traitor, and dangerous not alone in the matter where he displays his monomania, but he is not a safe man in any relation of life.

## GREATEST BRIDGE IN THE WORLD.

GREATEST BRIDGE IN THE WORLD.

At Montreal the Grand Trunk Road is, to cross the St. Lawrence upon a magnificent tubular iron bridge, costing some \$7,500,000, a mile and a quarter in length, or, including the solid enhankments at the ends, two miles. This bridge will be unequalled among the greatworks of the world. It will have in the centre an elevation of 100 feet above the channel, which is attained by an easy grade on each side. Twenty-two massive piers, with spaces of 250 feet between them, support the structure, and the most siding arrangements are made to protect it against the ice, which in the spring comes crashing and piling down the river with awaful power.

MAKING THE MOST OF HIS NOTORIETY.—
The Louisville Democrat publishes at the head
of its columns each day the names of the jury
who tried Matt Ward in Hardia county, Kentucky. One of them has written to the editor,
requesting he will attach to his name, "storekeeper at the Cross Roads, where all descriptions of goods may be obtained cheap for eash,
or in exchange for country produce."

CATTLE FOR CALIFORNIA.—Over three thou.

CATTLE FOR CALIFORNIA.—Over three thousand head of cattle have been driven from the counties of Crawford, Schassian, and Scott, in Arkansas, this season, for California; as also large droves from other frontier counties and the Cherokee Nation. Capt. Deinckla, at Port Gilbon, is to leave in a few days with eighteen hundred head.

PRESENT TO A LADY .- A few days since, the Compositors of the Boston Stereotype Foundry presented a lady, who has for several years oc-cupind the situation of proof reader at that estab-lishment, and was about to leave for California, a beautiful purse, containing \$50.

TO TAKE INK OUT OF MANOGANY.—Mix in a teaspoonful of cold water a few drops of oil of vitriol; touch the spot with a feather dipped in the liquid.

A fivy years ago an American frigate—alike celebrated for the beauty of her proportions, the solidity of her form, and quickness of sailing—entered the harbor of Cronstadt. Her arrival was at once communicated to Nicholas, and, before her anchor was fairly down, one of his richly ornamented steamers was observed approaching across the write bay. The steamer stopped at about one hundred yards distance from the frigate, and a dazaling group of officers was seen to enter a barge, the course of which was immediately directed towards the ship. Acting as coxwain to this barge, and seating hisself at the stern, appeared a compleuous figure, with a small white eap, encircled by a rod band, and attried in a single-breasted dark green freek-coat, the attire corresponding with the individual's sutoritante capacity, and presenting a singular contrast to the epaalettes and other fleery of those under whose orders he seemed stationed. Always prepared to receive such visitors, our naval commander met them at the gangway, and gave them a cordial welcome. Among them was the vice-chancellor of the empire, the minister of marine, and a number of admirals and general officers, who went "aft" in the cabin of the commondore, whilst their coxwain, as if concious that he must look out for himself, walked "forward," and mingled careleasly with the common salors.

As he examined the battery and scrutinized the bulwarks, asking now and then some questions, the hardy tars trained to discern the air and tone of real authority, instinctively touched their tarpaulin hats, and, winking knowingly to cach other, whispered their conviction, that it "was the old boy himself" "This suspicion circulated with rapidity throughout the frigate, but no one deemed it decorous, by the slightest word or look, to intimate its existence to him who thought himself, as he wished to be, absoultely unrecognized. After inspecting this product of the commondore was then observed alone, and leaning on the wheel of the steamer, graceless of the commondore of the com

## OCEAN POSTAGE

OCEAN POSTAGE.

The long effort that has been made to reduce the cocan postage on letters passing between this country and Europe, will, it is hoped and believed, meet with success. Eithi Barriti, one of the most prominent of those who have interested themselves in this public good, has recently put forth an able circular, briefly stating the beactifs that would result from the proposed change. When we remember that one-half the letters that cross the Atlantic are written and received by our emigrant population, we cannot help thinking the policy short-sighted which stands in the way of the reduction. Benides, "correspondence is the right hand of commerce, and the reduction proposed would give it an impulse and expansion which are indispensible to its legitimate development and prosperity.

That's THE WAY THE MONEY GOSS.—A

THAT'S THE WAY THE MONEY GOES LHATS THE WAT THE MORET GOSS.—A late English paper makes the following statement: The sum of £25,000—a sum that would have built ten parish churches—a sum that would have constructed two hundred and fifty schools, or stored two hundred and fifty receibraries, has actually been squandered on the ventilation of the Westminster Palace. This almost incredible fact rests upon the authority of Mr. Peto, one of the contractors for the erection of the palace.

Accidental Hanging in Sport.—A boy named Warren Auchmoody, at Rosedale, N. Y. lately met his death while playing with a chain which was attached to a hitching post. Putting the chain around his neck, he observed, "Bow easily I might hang myself with this chain," when his feet a lipped, and the chain tightening with a jerk, his neck was instantly broken!

CONTRACT FOR ENGINES.—The Committee on the Fire Department, have concluded a contract with Messr. Hunneman 6 Co., for three new fire engines, at a cost of about \$1000 each, agreeably to the recent order of the City Council.

LATEST FASHIONS.—Bonnets are daily getti
"amalier by degrees, and beautifully less
Some cover the entire back of the head—
whether pinned on, or stuck on with a waf
we have no means of knowing. Fashional
skirts are now limited to only eleven flounces.

DEATHS BY CAMPHENE.—Three daughter of Rev. Mr. Perry of El Dorado, Ky., lost thei lives recently while filling a lighted lamp with burning fluid. Such carelessness is strange.

THE WAR.—The last dates from the seat of war represent the Russians as experiencing disastrous defeats in all their operations.

EDITORIAL INKDROPS.

The rails on the Cape Cod Railroad have been laid to the Yarmouth depot.

The Spiritualists are about to form themselves into a new religious sect.

Wine and passion are racks oft used to extort words from us.

The oldest inhabitant of the city of Chicago is a young lady only twenty-two years of age.

In Ohlo, there is a farm containing eighty thousand acres of land.

It is a base and narrow mind to which suspicion is natural.

An active temperance movement has recently sprung up in South Carolina.

A society of ladies has recently been formed

An active temperation movement as recently spring up in South Carolina.

A society of ladies has recently been formed in New York, called the "Do-Nothings."

The damage in the Naugatuse Valley by the freshests of late months, is estimated at \$300,000.

On the heels of folly treadeth shame; at the back of anger standesh removes.

Upon the second trial, William Barton succeeded in committing suicide at Exeter, N. H.

Mr. Barbee, the young, self-taught sculptor of Page County, Ya., ig onig to study in Italy. Whipple has lectured ninety times the past season, and Bayard Taylor, eighty-six.

Generosity, wrong placed, becometh a vice; a princely mind will unde a private family.

Government is now expending \$5000 in transplanting salit grass on the shores of Cape Cod.

a princely midwill undo a private family.
Government is now expending \$5000 in transplanting sail grass on the shores of Cape Cod.
Pat says "this pouris' fine gin sind brandy into the sthrates, is a Mane baniences."
Several young lambs were killed by hallstones, in Claremons, N. H., during the late stone.
The South-western Agricultural Association, of Kentucky, has seven hundred life members.
Abasion Death has just been elected Steward of the Hospital, at Cincinnati. Ominous!
Gen. Smith, "the hero of Chepultepec," has surrendered to a widow.
You may initiate a good man, but never counterfeit him.

Strychnine in whiskey has recently struck nine ns dead in Ohio.

The more a man works, the less time he will have to gramble about hard times.

EARTHQUAKE AT SAN SALVADOR.

The city of San Salvador was destroyed by an earthquake on the night of Easter Sanday, April 16th, the period of the great storm which did so much mischief at sea. Upwards of two hundred lives and more than four millions worth of property were destroyed in less than one minute of time. On the Friday previous, until the moment of the calamity, strong shocks of earthquake were experienced from day to day, until the moment of the calamity, strong shocks of earthquake were experienced from day to day, until the moment of the calamity, strong shocks of earthquake were experienced from day to day, until the moment of the admitted for about fifty seconds, ladd the high the high call the high the high call the high call the whole city level with the ground. The night being calm, the dast occasioned by the falling of the houses obscured the whole atmosphere, reacting it impossible for people to recognise their own relatives. Plunder and robbery followed as matter of course, the government with the troops having removed from the scene of destruction at an early hour upon the following morning. The consequences accompanying this rain are likely to be attended with very seriors are results to commercial business throughout the republic. The authorities have petitioned the neighboring States for assistance in money, provisions and labor.

CAUTION TO SCHOOL TEACHERS—Joseph Leonard, a school teacher, was tried before a justice jn Chicopee, Mass, last week, and fined \$\$3 and costs for assault and battery upon William F. Wheeler, one of his pupils, the punishment of whom, hough appropriate in kind, was inflicted in consequence of the boy's refusal to stay after school hours to sweep the school-house, a requirement which the magistrate held to be illegal, on the ground that a teacher's jurisdiction does not extend beyond school hours in matters foreign to the purpose of instruction.

A NORE BOY—A touching incident occurred recently, at a steamhost sinking in the Missouri river, near St. Louis. Among the persons who were swept overboard, were a woman da boy about twelve years of age. A man on the steamhost, seeing the boy buffeling the waves just beyond the boat, threw him a rope, and called him to take hold of it. The little follow replied, "Never mind ne! I can swim; save mamma." They were both saved.

SINGULAR DEATH.—At Yorkville, Canada West, lately, a little girl nearly three years old, a daughter of Peter Hutty, climbed upon a horizontal board fence, and thrust her head between the boards, to look into the next field, when her foot slipping, she was suspended by the neck, and instantly strangled!

MURDEBERS!—Who are the real murderers of the police officer Bachelder, killed in defend-ing the Boston Court House, during the late trouble! Let the two principal men who incited the mob to violence on that occasion answer. Where are Wendell Phillips and Theodore Parker!

A LOST ART.—The Chinese of the present day are said to have lost a curious secret. They knew formerly how to paint their porcelain with fishes and other creatures, in such a mannen that these figures never appeared to the eye un-til the vases were filled with liquor.

SEALED PROPOSALS.—The San Joachim (California) Republican, in behalf of its employees, advertises for "scaled proposals, from the hotel-keepers for board and lodgings," but cautions them that the advertisers "are gentlemen of enormous appetites,"

STILL THEY COME.—During a single day of st week, no less than 12,476 emigrants arrived to New York.

MILITARY.—The best saddle for the cavalry is a saddle of mutton.

GLEASON'S PICTORIAL
DRAWING-ROOM COMPANION,

Notes of Foreign Travel." being No. 1 of a Series of ters from F. Glazson, now in Europe.

The Law of Entail," a sketch, by HENRY WILLIAM

BREAT.
The American Trooper," a story, by James de Mills.
Russis and the Russisne," No. 10, by D. E. De Lara.
The 'Larum Bell," Hoes, by Jeaneyer de Bares.
Allie," stanosa, by Pause Caret
Recollections." versee, by J. K. Hollkes.
The Granted Prayer," Hose, by O. K. Kennon, U. S. N.

We present another of our monthly illustrations of agriculture, being farm work for June. Separation, being farm work for June. Separation of the June. Separation of the June. Separation of the June of the Grant Charteness in Greenibe, France. A whole page view of Marchishead, Mass. A picture representing a Marchishead Flushing-Craft. A representation of the present of Curting Fish. A few of the Hope of the Hope of Technaging and Weighlig Fish.

A time of the Hope Marchishead Separation of the Separation of the

oston harbor.

An engraving giving a graphic view of Masquerade cenes at Cologne, on Shrove-tide, immediately preceding

A view of the Monument erected to the memory of the Emperor Francis of Austria.

\*\*, The Picronial is for sale at all the Periodical Depots in the United States, at six cents per copy.

## Foreign Items.

The houses on the right side of the Nevs, at St. Petersburg, have been demolished.

SI. Peterburg, have been demolished.

A great quantity of French Artillery and fourquadrous of Spahic have reached Gallepole.

Count Nesseltod, the veteran Prime Minister
of Russis, who is now eighty-four years of age, is
the son of German parenus. He was first a
sailor, then a soldier.

The correspondent of the Morning Chronicle
says it was reported in Paris on Monday week
that a lory of 100,000 men has been ordered by
the Russian Government.

The Paris Journal Patris says new has been

the Russian Government. The Paris Journal Patrie says news has been received from Constantinople that the Russians had attempted recently to cross the Danube at various points, and that they had been repulsed with heavy loss. The Condon Burnett records two cases of serious produced by the inhabitation of poisonous gas, the escape from decaying corpses in a graveyard that required to be inspected.

caying corpaes in a graveyard that required to be inspected.

Advices from Cracow, 1st ult., say that a corps of 20,000 Rassians, with artillery and provisions, was on its march towards the Austrian Warnsw and Kischo were much encumbered.

Mr. Hobbs was invited, at Manchester, England, recently, to pick a lock manufactured by Edward Coutevill, of Birmingham, and was allowed twenty-four hours to accomplish the task. He failed to open it within the time specified, and frankly women to pure the state that owing Accounts from the Dawley the state that owing. Accounts from the Dawley to the third was the meaned damage had been done to the Russians. Their pontoon works have been swept away, their bridges destroyed, and lifnest had broken out amongst them to a considerable extent.

## Dewdrops of Wisdom.

None but an author knows an author's cares.

-Couper.

He speaks home; you may relish him more in he soldier, than in the scholar.—Shakspeare.

he soluter, than in the scholar.—Somespeare.

Men resemble the gods in nothing so much as a doing good to their fellow-creatures.—Cicero.

There is but one man who can believe himself ee from envy, and it is he who has never camined his own heart.—Duncan.

namined his own heart.—Duncan.

The nerve that never relaxes, the eye that ever blenches, the thought that never wanders,—these are the masters of victory.—Burke.

Conceit, more rich in matter than in words, brags of his substance, not of ornament: they are but beggars that can count their worth.—
Shakspeare.

Skakspare.

Beneficence is a duty. He who frequently practies it, and sees his benevolent intentions realized, at length comes reality to love him to whom he has done good.—Kunt.

When self interest inclines a man to print, he should consider that the purchaser expects a penny-worth for his penny, and has reason to asperse his honesty if he finds himself deceived.—Skenatone.

Shratene.

It is a doubt whether mankind are most indebted to those, who, like Bacon and Batler, dig the gold from the mine of literature or to those, who, like Paley, parify it, stamp it, fax its real value, and give it currency and utility—Chlon.

Avaries often produces opposite effects; there is an infinite number of people who sacrifice all their property to doubtful and distant expectations; others despise great fature advantages to obtain present interests of a trifling nature.—

La Rockelyound.

La Rochejoucnuld.

By a kind of fashionable discipline, the eye is taught to brighten, the lip to smile, and the whole countenance to emanate with the eemblance of friendly welcome, while the bosom is unwarmed by a single spark of genuine kinduess and good-will.—Washington Irviny.

### Joker's Budget.

Unsupportable Inagination.—A man with wooden lege complaining of the weather on his corns.

Love your neighbor as yourself. William Henry says he does, and more than ever since Lin Jones lives next bloom, and the large with large

when Batty's menagerie paid a visit to Mon-rose, a few days ago, a "natural" happened to bservo the elephant coming, when he remarked, See, there's the elephant comin"—tail foremost —no less!"

A harber desired a groupy customer of his on Sunday morning, whose hreath smelled strong of alcohol, to keep his mouth shut, or the establishment might get indicted for keeping a run hole open on Sunday.

Mrs. Partington says she don't see what they want with a grand jury. She tshinks a common jury is grand enough, as her husband felt so grand when he was on a jury, that nobely dareast speak the was on a jury, that nobely dareast speak to we making very rich men of rome owners of roal estate. A gentleman who went to sleep last Thursday evening worth some \$10,000, was informed the day following by one of those "odious tax-men," that he was worth \$12,500.

### Quill and Beissors.

A young lad, eight years old, named Heary Augustus Lake, died at New York, on Staurday week, from the effects of brandy administered to work of the state is a black minth, an eight has a black been dearly a state of the state in a black minth, an eight he and, the latter is a black minth, an eight has and the boy if he would not drinking, Graham asked the boy if he would not drinking, Graham asked the boy if he would not drinking, Graham asked the boy if he would not drinking, Graham asked the boy if he would not drinking, Graham asked the boy if he would not drinking, Graham asked the boy if he would not drinking, Graham asked the same day.

Samuel as his googederry hathes were affected by mildew. Lat year he gave them a severe pruning, mulched with coarse hay, top-dressed the soil with well routed barrayard manure, salt and teached ashes, and he has no mildew.

Two typos in Columbus, Miss, John C. Waddinking and the same different contracts. Ford, quarrelies, tought with "shootimes Er. Ford, qu

A black snake, upwards of eight feet long, was killed with a hoe by a laborer, in Nicholasville, Ky. He appeared to have dwelt under a barn, and lived upon rats.

An intemperate man named Bowditch, years of age, committed suicide lately, in Do las, R. I., by inserting a rope in his cravat hanging himself to the bed-post.

hanging himserting a rope in his order and hanging himself to the body and the crawat and The printers, we fore are becoming as had as other folks. Angussus B. Price, who is to be hanged for marder in Edgedelal, S. C., on the 28th of July, is one of that crait.

Good manners is the art of making those people casy with whom we converse. Wheever the country, in the country is the country, in the country.

1000 nours, dued instely in Scotlands, at the age of 76.

On Sunday week, Mr. Henry Quinn, keeper of a boarding-house in Nashua, swallowed a done of bed-bug poison by missake, and died and the state of the state o

go into sunshine.

The taxes of Baldimore for city and couper purposes for the present year, are 115.3.4 cents on the \$100; last year \$2 cents on the \$100. James Sutton, a carpenter, formerly of Bos-Supposed suicide.

Supposed suicide.

In Providence, a boy snatched thirty dollars in bills from a gentleman's hand, and eluded

pursuir.

Within the past twelve years, 1398 patients have been admitted into the Pennsylvania Insane Hospital. Hospital.

Gov. Bigler, of Pennsylvania, has signed a bill submitting to the people the law prohibiting the sale of liquor.

me same or isquor. Silver is said to have been discovered in the stone quarry of H. Musselman, in Lancaster county, Pa. Give fair words and make large promises, for they are the most powerful engines to work your ends.

mere two most powerful engines to work your ends.

Mrs. Emily C. Judson (Fanny Forrester) died lately, of consumption, at Hamilton, N. Y.

A scal was seen in the Hudson, near Try, a few days ago.

The cholers is making visitations here and the hudson of the hudson of

## Marriages.

In this city, by Rev. Mr. Creecy. Mr. Thomas Beal to Miss Rilen S. Richardson, both of Kingston. By Rev. Mr. Streeter, Mr. John Grinnell to Miss Cath-crine Moren.

In Stonetam, Mr. E. Thomas Green to Mise Sarah Jane Perry,
In North Ablagton, by Rev. Mr. While, Mr. William,
H. Stantaghou be like Lord, O. Brithiam,
H. Sarah, S. H. Sarah, S. H. Sarah, Mr. James H. Sarah,
Stone to Mise Hannah Perry,
In Woroster, by Ber. Mr. Bushnell, Mr. John Macroady to Mise Rint, E. Winter,
In Woroster, by Rev. Mr. Bushnell, Mr. John Macroady to Mise Rint, In Winter,
And Mr. March M. Mise Mr. Mr. Bandell, Mr. John Macroady to Mise Rint, In Winter,
In William, D. Rev. Mr. Pellore, Mr. Doziel Howard,
to Mise Marcy H. Milliaded,
Mr. Barth, Milliaded,
Mr. Barth, M. Milliaded,
Mr. Barth, M. Williaded,
Mr. B. Gann Ferre,
In Segmour, Conn., by Rev. Mr. Pittle, Mr. B. G.
In Poughts eggs, N. Y., by Rev. Mr. Buel, Mr. Leonard
B. Sackett to Mise Caroline B. Bartis.

## Deaths.

BEAUTY.

BT C. W. WICEHAM

spreads in the calm fields of blue.

And dreams in the alumbering ses a hines in the bright-flashing dew,
And blooms on the flowery lea.

t falls with the fastbery snow,
And gleams in the glittering si
smiles in the beauteous bow
That manties the heavens afar
It filts on the wing
Of flowery spring,
flashes with summer all gay,
and dreameth the autumn away

It floats on the gossamer cloud.
That wanders the heavens at no
It sleeps in the trembling shroad,
En wrapt by the silvery moon.
On mountain and see,
And woodland and ice,
It swestly with dewdrops distile,
And flashes with mermuring ritis

dwelleth with nature and art, and circles with planets around; holds in the passions its part, and nothing that ever was found. In valley or grove, In seas, or above, a showed the examining sight, s presence, or marks of its flight.

But, Stella, no beauty of earth,
Baposed to the wondering eyes,
Nor aught of terrestrial birth,
In woodland, or flowery dyes,
No matter how fuir,
Can ever compare
With the spaxiting beauties we find
Enshrined in the urn of the mind.

of from the French for The Flag of our Union.

The Ferryman of La Vilaine.

BT ANNE T. WILBUR.

CHAPTER I.

THE travellers who now pursues the route from Nantes to Vannes, cross the bridge of La Roche Bernard, whose gigantic cables suspended above the mouth of La Vilsine, connect the two shores, and seek, by long arches a sure point of attachment at the very loss of the bills; but many of those who pause to contemplate this marvel of cottemporary industry, are ignorsant that this passage, in which is found at present but a motive for admiration, was, a few years since, an occasion of delay and sometimes of serious peril.

The only communication then between the Inferior Loire and Le Morbihan was a ferry. Now the violence of the current, the breadth of the river at this point, and the action of the tide, which made of it at certain hours a gennine arm of the sea, offen rendered the crossing difficult. There, as at the passage of the handred maritime rivers which water our occidental abores, the barges, overloaded by the farmers who were bringing their flocks from the fair, so by women returning from pilgrimages, had more than once passet, bequeathing to the village story-tellers and poets perpetual asbjects for takes and elegies. Add to these the crimes committed on these thoroughfares, the romantic lore adventures, the miniculous interviews with saints, fairies or demons, and it will be understood how the history of the ferrymen formed one of the most dramatic chapters of that great poem eternally embellished by the popular imagination.

To speak the truth there was something singular about the existence of these men. Their boats, a species of bridges which walked the water, had become their dwellings. On ordinary days, they often awaited for several hours the summors of some isolated foot-passenger, who would enter the beat without sitting down, throw them his fare, and continue his route. For them, every face was transient, all conversation but the exchange of a few words; their lives were composed only of fuglive apparitions and short episodes. Compelled thus to seize everything hastily, and enjoying the long leisure hours which with mediation, the ferrymen acquired, like shepherds, a subtle lucidity which permitted them to read where others as an onthing written. They owed to this superiority a certain independence which also confirmed their exceptional position. Every one, in fact, needed their services without their having occasion for those of others. Having power to hasten or destrain the word of the summon of the contrary, deaf and dum from her birth, wore a pettiont of brown linen, a blue his daughter of the summon of ed there. Meanwhile, under this fort exterior was concealed a singular pene The time which others spent in listen

and replying, was employed by Cliaude only in observation. Her father knew this, and never failed to consult her in his uncertainties. They and invented a language of signs which they alone comprehended, and which permitted them to exchange their ideas to the great surprise of the neighbors, to whom these mute communications were a perpetual source of wonder. On a beautiful ovening of September in the year 1838, several peasants were assembled at the foot of the steep declivity which led to the ferry man, who was giving by signs to the deaf mute, orders executed as soon as understood. They were returning from the fair of Marzeau, and awaiting until the last load should be complete, before crossing to the opposite shore.

"St. Anne!" exclaimed a young farmer who

be complete, better crossing to the opposite shore.

"St. Anne!" exclaimed a young farmer who carried in his hand a scythe, "there is a perfect woman! Never any bad words, and always ready to obey," "Well, then, if she pleases you so much, Pierre," replied somewhat sharply, a little peasant girl, standing opposite the farmer, "what hinders you from offering her the ring of alliance 1 Claude will be rich, and all the young men want at present it a few pieces of sliver to jingle at their girdles, and a watch in their pockets."

men want at present is a few pieces of silver to jingle at their girdles, and a watch in their pockets."

"As for a watch," observed the ferryman, "I have an idea that Pierre already has one as well as yourself, Manon; it would even seem that they keep the same time, for one of you never crosses to cut hay on the other shore, but the second immediately arrives with a seythe."

All the spectators began to laugh; Manon blushed to the routs of her hair.

"I is is then by chance," stammered she.

"I do not say that it is not," replied the ferryman; "but at least you should not accuse Pierre of avaricious desires, seeing that since he has been haymaking with you, Manon, he no longer of avaricious desires, seeing that since he has been haymaking with you, Manon, he no longer of avaricious desires, seeing that since he has been haymaking with you, Manon, he no longer of avaricious the control of the state of the hast been of the his sor rich that she does not know what to do with her money."

"Well, there are enough who are not like her, and who know how to make a good use of is," rearroad an old pessant; "what think you off M. Riichard I look at the house he has just built there, near the dock-yards."

Pere Savot (this was the name of the peasant) pointed to a new dwelling built at the edge of the hill, before which had been commended the terraces of a garden descending to the river. The ferryman cast upon it a glance in which the tenthire observer might have read malevolence mingled with scorn and vexation.

"Yes, yes," muttered he between his teeth, "the great architect, as he has been called since has employed all the carpenters of La Breteche, has now become a gentleman. It is he who is to frimish the timbers for the new busiges by which he will make, it is said, a very large speculation."

"Yes everybody who has dealings with him id issanished," returned Pierre, lowering his

"Yet everybody who has dealings with him dissatisfied," returned Pierre, lowering his

"ties true," said Suvot; "but, as he fears no one, everybody fears him."

"Not I," objected the ferryman.

"Not I," objected the ferryman.

"to use right; you often carry his merchandiae," observed Pierre; "how do you settle with him ""

"As one man with another: I do his work and

with him?"

"As one man with another; I do his work and he pays me for it."

"Without threat or complaint?"

"Threats and complaints are but words," said the forsyman.

"But they sometimes lead to blows, do they

"But say,"
Robert's eyes sparkled.
"Not with us," said he; "if it should ever happen, I know the means of rendering him as gentle as a lamb. But may Heaven preserve us from quarrels. Neighbors should always live in neace."

from quarrels. Neighbors should always live in peace."

"Especially as the daughter of the architect is very polic," added the young farmer. "I will engage you have no cause to complain of her, Master Robert i"

"On the contrary," said the ferryman, "Ro-nees is always ready to render us a service."

"She has a chance to do so," interrupted young Manon; "lieft an orphan without a cent, she has found a godfather who gives her all she wants."

sae has found a geomater who gives her all an wants."

"Do not think this is pure generosity," re sumed Pierre; "it is said that Master Richard is indebted to her for the best part of his gains for it is she who holds the pen, and we know that correct accounts are very essential to success in business."

A new company of research bud arrival.

that correct accounts are very essential to success in business."

A new company of peasants had arrived, completing the number of passengers, so that Robert was now ready to pash off. The bust, heavily laden, advanced slowly against the current which the descent of the tide rendered more rapid; Claude and Urbain were at the oars. The ferryman was seated forward, where he gave orders and received the fare. He had just dropped the last piece of copper into the cloth pocket within his vest, when the boat racched he middle of La Vihine. A last sunbeam was illuminating, at the summit of the neighboring hills, long yellowish lines which indicated the renches where the cables of the bridge were about to be buried. The peasants pointed out to each other the work almost completed.

"The first bridge is a sad sight for a ferryman," and Manon.

"Fear mothing, my daughter," said Letour, with a sort of dignity; "but will not trouble me long, for no sooner will it be finished, than the ferryman and his boat will go to seek their fortunes elsewhere."

All the passengers exclaimed.

forryman and his boat will go to seek their for-tune elsewhere.

All the passengers exclaimed.

"Is it possible in repeated the nearest; "what,
Master Robert, will you quit the country ? And
where then will you quit "

"Where poor pools still need the services of
a poor man," replied the farryman. "Thank
God, there remain rivers where he will be
welcome."

welcome."

Pierre asked whether he had already chosen
his now station; but Robert refused to explain
himself farther. Some of the neighbors then

recollected that he had been absent a few days the preceding month, during which he had doubtless been in search of a pot where he could establish himself.

Manon looked at the young ferryman.

"Poor boy," said she, maliciously, "how will he accustom himself to live elsewhere, and no longer to see the pretty bill of Master Richard !"
The young man seemed to be disconcreted; she laughed.
"Come, come, I say nothine." rewarmed the

"Well, what is the matter, girl?" asked the forryman.

The deaf mute replied by signs so rapid and so multiplied, that her father appeared to have some difficulty in comprehending them.

"Softly, softly" said he, continuing to translate aloud, as usual, his gestures and those of Claude; "are you anagry that Urbain has gone with Pere Surot! Why sof! It is to render a service to a neighbor. You think he has gone for something else; that he expects to mee some one; who then? What are you pointing out to me on the other shores? The house of Richard! Is it possible the boy has any thoughts of Renee!"

The deaf mute, multiplied her offermative

In it possione the boy has any inougans of Rence it?

The deaf mute multiplied her affirmative signs, accompanying them with her shrill cry.

"Ah," exclaimed Robert, "it is very possible. This is then the reason why he is so asd since we are about to leave the farry? Yes, yes, I remember now that he never fails to be on the past of Rence, and that she always has something to say to us, or ask of us. And I have not seen it. Poor man! It may well be said that our yes are good only to look into our neighbors' houses."

Claude continued to confirm her opinion by signs with increasing irritability; the forryman

Claude continued to confirm her opinion by signs with increasing irritability; the forryman folded his arms.

"I believe you," resumed he in a tone of chargin. "I know what makes you so uneasy about it. The wife of the boy Urbain must rule in the house, and you are afraid of having a mistress. That must one day be, but if it pleases leaven, it shall not be the god-daughter of Master Richard, no; my inclination is elsewhere. I will appeal to Urbain—or perhaps to the girl. It is hard to tell which would be the best."

As he murmared these last words, the ferryman ast down on the edge of the boat, where he seemed to fall into an anxious meditation. He was evidently reflecting on the discovery he had just made, and the means of breaking the bond of affection which had been formed without his knowledge between his son and Renee. He was aroused from his reverie by an exclamation of the deaf must. Claude pointed to Urbain, who was emerging from a path at a little distance accompanied by their young neighbor.

The architect's daughter wore the elegant costme of artistans, and there was in her whole persons a fragile and ellicate grace which revealed he lady. She held in one hand a green parasol, and in the other an old volume with leather covers, and walked slowly with her head included towards Urbain, as if they were in familiar conversation. It was only on reaching the boat that her nised her head, met the glance of the ferryman and saluted him. She congratulated her covers, and walked slowly with her head included the head, who had stopped at the inn to leave his carriage there, would rojoin them without delay. He was returning with hereaff from the forest of La Breteche, where they had been, as usual, to make the fortnight's apmane.

As she said this with a volability slightly embarrassed, she had entered the boat and taken a seat towards the stern. Urbain, who had followed her there, took up the large book which she had just deposited beside her.

"May one look at it?" asked he.

"What a question!" replied Renee,

"do you not recognize my old Bareme!"
Robert started.

"The volume of accounts," said he, taking it;
"that which was lent you the other day, and in which you found a leaf wanting!"
"Where?" asked the young girl.
"It should be here," said the ferryman, opening the book at a page spotted with mildew.
"It is?" exclaimed Urbain. "Ah, father, can you read now, that you found the place so well? See, the leaf has been torn out, for a piece of it is still remaining."
"Well, I knew nothing of it," replied Renee; "We the I go to La Breteche, to settle the accounts with the carpenters."
"Here are the proofs of your walks," said Urbain, who had taken the Bareme from his father, and showed here and there between the pages of figures, a pressed flower which seemed omingle with, the dry text some sweeter memories.

The god-daughter of Richard smiled and here

memories
The god-daughter of Richard smiled, and began to turn over the leaves of the old book with Urbain, stopping at each of these rural tokens to relate where she had gathered it. The ferryman, anxious and with folded arms, suffered them to continue this review, with their heads inclined towards each other, and their breath mingled till the angry gestures of the deaf must warned him of it. Then he hastily arose from his reverie, knit his brow and ordered the youth to go to the forge to get an iron that had long been wanted.

the boat, and slowly directed his steps towards the town. Robert followed him with his eyes until he had disappeared, and then turned towards the young girl.

The letter was arranging the flowers in the book with a minute care, which proved less her love if order than the abstraction of her mind. He looked at her a long time without speaking, like a man who is reflecting. Evidently he hesitated what part to take with the god-daughter of Richard. The ferryman had known her as a child, and seen her grow up under his eyes, in the familiar habits authorized by neighborhood, until the moment of her entrance into the convent; but when she came out of it, this separation of five years, joined with the elegant and discreet manners of the young girl, had imposed on him. Besides, in the interval the fortune of Master Richard had augmented, and with it the distance which separated the families. The ferryman instinctively fielt this. Become more timid with Rence, he had accustomed himself to pay her a sort of amicable deference. Nevertheless he still retained at heart the memory of their former intimacy; the young girl had not made him forget the child. So, after having hesitated for some time, he hastily approached her, placed his hand on her shoulder, and said in a low tone:

"I must speak to you, Rence."

She raised her eyes towards him with an inquisitive and astonished smit.

"To me?" said sho, "and of what?"

"Of the boy Urbain."

He felt the young girl's shoulder start beneath his hand.

"You need not tremble," continued he, with a little impatitive in the continued he, with a little impatitive on the continued he, with a little impatitie of the continued he, with a little impatitie of the continued

"Of the boy Urbain."

He felt the young girl's shoulder start beneath his hand.

"You need not tremble," continued he, with a little impatience in his tone; "we must converse without pretence and with friendship, for I have an idea that you wish us well, Renee."

"Ah, you may believe it," exclaimed she, in a voice of emotion; "there is no person here or elsewhere to whom I wish more happiness."

"I thank you, my daughter," said the ferryman, in a more gentle tone; "therefore you will not desire that the boy Urbain should longer grieve me. Since I have spoken of leaving La Roche, he has neither courage one cheerfuless."

"And why must you leave?" asked the young girl, in an accent of plaintive supplication.

"Why?" repeated the ferryman; "you should not ask me that, Renee; you have heard me tell the reason too many times. You know that I cannot remain here, and that it is the boy's duty to accompany me. Until now, no one of our family has been a salamed of the occupation that I cannot remain here, and that it is the bot's dother than the start of the courage; this is our glory, as it is that of gentlemen to preserve their estates and to live by doing nothing. I have held the position of master long enough; Urbain's turn has come, and henceforth it must be for him that the boat furrows the river."

"So you have already chosen you new place!" asked the young girl, troubled.

TYPE."

"So you have already chosen your new place?"
asked the young girl, troubled.

The ferryman made a sign in the affirmative.
"And—it is, perhaps—very far off?" added
she, hesitating.

she, hesitating.
"Very far," said Robert; "not to mention
that the ferry is rough and sometimes very dangerous; but the boy is old enough to have an
assistant."

gerous; but the boy is old enough to have an assistant."

"An assistant?" repeated Renee, without seeming to comprehend him.

"What then?" resumed Robert; "have you forgotten former times, my daughter? When Urbain and Claude had their mother, have you not seen her manage the oar, and pull the rope?"

"I have," said the young girl.
"Then," continued the ferryman, "the boy must also have some one who can aid him in his business, and—I have found her."
Renee started up as if struck by a shot, but she suppressed the exclamation which half opened her lips.

namness, and—I have found her."

Renee started up as if struck by a shot, but she suppressed the exclamation which half opened her lips.

"Yes," continued Robert, "I have found, where we are going, the daughter of my own cousin. She is strong as a young sail and gentle as a lamb; just what I sought, for the boy meeds a brave creature who will have a heart in her arms, and not a lady."

The young girl made a movement which he perceived in the shadow.

"I did not mean that for yon, Renee," added he, with a little embarrassment.

"Does your son know your intentions?" asked she, without raising her head.

"Not yet," replied the firryman. "I wished first to mention them to you, because, as you please, you can render me sad or contented." Renee sittenpied to interrupt him.

"O, do not say otherwise," added he, taking her hand; "speak openly, my poor girl, and let us think that the good God hears us. If the boy is unhappy at the thoughts of leaving, it is on your account; if he no longer has a taste for labor, it is because he is thinking of you. You have bewitched him! honorably, I know, my daughter; but do notatempt to deceive a neighbor and an old friend—acknowledge what you have in your thoughts."

"Excuse me, Master Robert," stammered Renee, with wounded dignity; "my thoughts should not be acknowledged except to the priest who confesses me; but I declare to you that there has never been a question such as you speak of between your son and myself."

"Then he has not spoken to you of his friendship, and you have made him no promise?"

"Not yet,"

The ferryman seized her hand.

"Then give me your word that you will neith-

shp, and you nave made him no promise?"

"Never!"

The ferryman seized her hand.

"Then give me your word that you will neither listen nor reply to him in future," exclaimed he; "I ask it as a favor, Rene. Do notthink it is from a want of respect for you. As true as there is a God in heaven, I wish only your good; but it is for this very reason that I ask you not to give Urbain any hope. There is in my mind a hindrance. Then, neither your positions nor your fortunes are suitable for each other. Sooner or later, my noor children, you will both be your fortunes are sunsine for each other. Soon-er or later, my poor children, you will both see this; silk and tow must not be sewed together on the same garment. The god-daughter of Master Richard has too much delicacy to be

ome the wife of a poor ferryman. Better young men than Urbain would be proud to give her the

come the wife of a poor ferryman. Better young men than Urbain would be proud to give her the silver ring."

"It remains to be seen whether their fathers will be less proud than Master Robert," resume this better young girl, in whose voice tears trembled, as though a forced a smile; "but then, as now, I will remember the fifth commandment. You may sleep in peace; it will nove be by will that your son forgets his obedience."

And as the forryman would have thanked her, she added precipitately;
"Hoogh, enough, some one is coming; peace! You may be heard."

At these words, she rose hastily and went to sit down at the other extremity of the boat. Claude, who had followed with a look the preceding scene, remained with her eyes fixed on the young girl, and was attempting to read on the young girl, and was attempting to read on the reatures, by the starlight, what she had the gestares of the ferryman; but, annoyed by this attention, Rence turned, beat her head, and travelaced only an obscure profile, half effaced in the shadow.

The persons whose arrival had hastily terminated here.

wealed only an obscure profile, half effaced in the shadow.

The persons whose arrival had hastily terminated her conversation with the father of Urbain. The persons whose arrival had hastily terminated her conversation with the father of Urbain, and the conversation of the season of the conversation of the season of the s

The ferryman has turned monochalance.

"If Master Richard is in such haste, he has but to use his bridge," said he coldly.

"What is the matter?" resumed the god-father of Renee; "you are pleased to be jocose, this evening. It tell you that I pay my passage; when do you intend to start?"

"When my boy has returned," replied Robert, tranquilly.

"When my boy has returned," replied Robert, traugallity.

"How, is it your son whom we are awaiting?" exclaimed Richard, with an insolent laugh; "very well, it is all right; we are then to sait the convenience of the youth Urbain! Let us see, you should have learned yout trade as long as yon have been ploughing La Vilaine. Do you know what fortyman is?"

"Yes," said Robert, looking at him; "he is a man who has no civility for those who have no politeness."

The blood rushed to the face of the architect, who rose.

who rose.

"Do not provoke me too much; will you cross, I say? No? Thousand devils, we shall

cross, I say? No? Thousand devils, we shall see."

"Stop, god-father, here is Urbain; we shall go now," interrupted Renee.
The young man in fact arrived with the iron, and sprang into the boat.
Almost at the same instant, the boat left the shore. The hight had completely closed in, not a star was to be seen in the sky, and the two shores were soon concealed by the fog. The few passengers dispersed about the boat remainded silent; mothing was heard but the stroke of the oar against the sides of the boat and the largeling of the water beneath the prow. Suddenly a gleam crossed the night, and a shot resounded on the right bank. Every ge was turned in that direction.
"God save us I some one is out hunting very late," observed one of the passengers.
"Some game is hunted better at night," replied, the ferryman.
"What!"

"That by which our revenge is gratified, or

"What?"

"That by which our revenge is gratified, or whose property we inherit."

"It is nothing," hastily interrupted the architect; "some boy is amusing himself in burning powder stolen from the miners."

"It is possible," said Robert; "but perhaps the same might have been said eight years since, when the saho was heard that killed Amoise Burch."

Richard made a more.

Binnel."

Richard made a morement.

"In Icet, that must have been in this direction," said he.

"Farther up the river," replied the ferryman; "there, before La Roche Veste."

"Another deed of the chouns,"—royalists of La Vendee—resumed the architect; "they had sworn to revenge themselves on Burel, because, they said, "he had acted as a spy for the blue. If the game-keeper of the count had not died in prison, we should have known the truth from him."

"That is not certain." and Taken which is not certain."

"That is not certain." said Robert, shaking his head.

"That is not certain," said Robert, shaking his head.

"Why so ?"
"Because I have an idea that the game-keepor was not present."
"What do you know about it ?"
"I know-what I saw."
Richard hastily raised his head.
"You?" exclaimed he; "did you see anything? But when you were sumamoned before the judges, you said nothing of it."
"We ferrymen are not policemen," replied Robert, drily.
"And then we do not know how much harm it may do us to speak out," added one of the passengers. "The count, who seems to have been suspected, was a man of great importance; whoever had injured him would have had resent to repent; but he died the day before yesterday, and may God have mercy on his soul!
Now, Master Robert can speak without any danger."

The ferryman responded to this indirect invitation only by shaking his head. Reserve was some of the distinctive characteristics of his class, and they had made it at once a point of honor and a safeguard. If their poor rendered observation easy, and permitted of certain discoveries, their isolation exposed them without defence to the il will of those whom they might compromise by their indiscretion. In a position to learn much, they must show great prudence, if they would not have much to fear.

So, contented with having it understood that nothing escaped them, they in general avoided asying more, thus securing at once their reputation for clear-sightedness, and their safety. Robert therefore did not seem disposed to push farther his revealations on the murder formerly committed near the ferry; but the architect undertook to compel him to do so. He raillied him which habitual audacity, defying him to establish his instinuations. There was something singuistic that is the contest of these two men, in the forest phase of the contest of these two men, in the forest phase do to keep silence. At last Robert appeared to be driven to extremities.

"Then you absolutely insist that I should relate the circumstances?" exclaimed he, with his cyss fixed on Richard. "It seems to me you have had time to prepare your story," replied the latter, nacerially: "It saw the assentiof Bent?"

All the auditors approached him; the architect bars into a laugh.

tect burst into a laugh.

"Famous!" said he; "and perhaps you even spoke to him?"

"No."

tect burst into a haugh.

"Famous I'' said he; "and perhaps you even spoke to him?"

"No," replied the ferryman, whom these mockeries had at last animated; "but I can tell you how the shot was fired, and why no traces of him were recovered."

"Let us hear," maid Richard, who had seated ed himself to listen.

"Well, then," resumed Robert, "it was one evening like this, perhaps, not much later, a list to cached the river, and the rain was so fine that noe could not hear it fall. I was there in the bottom of my boat, under a piece of tarred cars; I was trying to sleep, but found it impossible to close my eyes. The night was so quite that one could hear the fables leaping in the current. As I had, in spite of myself, my ear on the watch, it happened that at a certain moment I recognized the steps of a traveller on the road; he seemed to be approaching the river; I distinguished the sound of his staff on the pebbles. I looked; a shadow seemed to appear at the declivity of the hill; it arrived before La Roche Veste, when suddenly a shot was fired, and struck the lone traveller."

"This was Antoine Burel?" interrupted several voices.
"As you say," resumed Robert; "he had re-

"As you say," resumed Robert; "he had re-ceived two balls in his side, and fell dead

ceived two balls in his side, and fell dead instantly."

"But afterwards—what did you do y" asked Richard, evidently interested.

"I was about to spring to the shore and hastesto La Roche Vesty." replied the ferryman; "but as I was palling the rope for this purpose, I hard something plunge into the water; I turned, and what did I perceive? A bead flosing in the current and advancing towards me. I had only time to throw myself back into my boat; the assansin swam close by it, and passed me with head up and gun at his belt."

"So that you recognized him s" interrupted the architect, leaning towards Robert.

"So that you recognized him s" interrupted the architect, leaning towards Robert.

"I have I not said that it was night!" replied the latter, without raising his eyes.

"The in face," said Urbain, "when he fell last last year into the pond at the manor, he would be your limb the pond at the manor, he would be true the real tent to the pond at the manor, he would set you fine the pond at the manor, he would be the present the pond at the manor, he would be the present the pond at the manor, he would be the present the pond at the manor, he would be the present the pond at the manor, he would be the present the present the pond at the manor, he would be the present the present the present the present the present the pond at the manor, he would be the present the pr

"In fact," said Urbain, "when he fell tast last year into the pond at the manor, he would have been drowned, but for the gardener."
"Parties, I will engage he was returning from the cabacet," interrupted the architect; "a few glasses of cognae will paralyze the best swim-mer. But attention; we have arrived. Renoe, are you askeep, my dear? Come, up?"

are you saleep, my dear? Come, up!"
The young girl, who had remained a stranger
to all that had been said, rose at the voice of her
god father, took up the old account-book, the
little basket, the parasol deposited on the bench,
sad hasteead to land.
Urbain, standing beside his oar, hoped for an
sâliva, or at least for a glance; but she went
away in silence, reached the turn of the road,
and disappeared without having looked around.

### CHAPTER II.

CHAPTER II.

Rence kept her word; from the time of her conversation with the father of Urbain, she carsfully avoided opportunities of meeting his son. Before, she had constantly some request to make in the name of her god-father or for herself; not a single day had passed without seeing her at the house of the ferryman, or without Urbain's presenting himself at the now drelling of the architect; she sandtenly cased her visits and voided those of her young neighbor. The laster, a first surprised, sought in vain to discover the cause of rauch a change. As Rence had affirmed to had controlled to a tact preference, which could give no period of such a change, had he had nothing to ask. The fortyman had interfered at the moment when the chains, already fastened to each heart, had no those we can other. It was therefore seed to the confidence of the control of the proposed of amiliarity of the control of amiliarity of the familiary invitout leaving to Urbain a possibility of complaint.

Masswhile, if the silent love of the young has been been been been been been the complaint.

without leaving to Urbain a possi-ity of complaint.

Meanwhile, if the silent love of the young an had left him without privileges, it was not be less ardent nor the less absolute. It had in-sably seized his whole being; he had made the only subject of his meditations; the sud-

this secret occupation of his life. On ceasing to see her and hear her almost every hour as in the past, he felt around him a sort of void and gen-eral silence.

He had at first multiplied attempts to approach the wome wild, but when he recomined her way.

He had at first multiplied attempts to approach the young girl; but when he recognized her evident intention to avoid him, he thought his attentions had displeased her, and that he must rename all hope. He therefore ceased his pursuit with the discreet dignity of those who respect themselves enough to know how to respect others. Only the effort crushed him; precipitated suddenly from the belght of his loops, he remained so stunned by the fall, that he became insensible to all around him. Claude, who had observed and comprehended all, in wain redoubled her attentions is seemed not to hear.

Sometimes, when the ferryman, encouraged

Insensible to all around him.
Claude, who had observed and comprehended all, in vain redoubled her attentions; he seemed not to hear.
Sometimes, when the furryman, encouraged by a silence the cause of which he could not divine, alluded to the prejected union. Urbain would start, then shake his head; and, as Robert persisted, would say with emotion:
"Do not stalk of that, ather; I have no idea of marriage, and, if is pleases God, will remain as I am to serve you."

The ferryman had hoped that this depression was but transient, and that the sadness of the young man would be overcome with time; contrary to his expectations, is increased from day to day, and from week to week. Urbain did not complain, but he had ceased to sing, he never leaghed, and every time his father turned towards him, he surprised him with his eyes fixed on the new house of the hill.

The first days of December had now arrived; the melting anows had swollen La Villaine, whose troubbed watern rolled over their miry bed strewn with the fragments of inundations. Some coasters, deained in the river by the bad weather, were moored along the shore, and their crews were thronging the wooden cabarets built on the banks for the civil and military work-men employed in the construction of the suspension bridge. Contrary to his habit, Urbain often joined them, and his father, who needed his arm to assist in managing the boat, was obliged to send for him two or three times.

The ferryman at first endured these absences quietly enough; but, one day, when Urbain had he eyel gelaming with a brilliancy which the ferryman attributed to his libations at the cantine he cast upon him a severe glance.

"If you have no interest in your friends at home, it seems to me you have in others," said how, with suppressed riration; "It have not seen you so courageous and so contented for months."

Excuse me, father," said Urbain, "if is to because I have a more joyous theat."

"It is to me and the first thin with an air of inquisitive autonishment.

"It is to many mentals a

Robert looked at him with an air of inquisi-

is only that I have found a remedy for our troubles."

Robert looked at him with an air of inquisitive astonishment.

"It is too many months since there has been good feeling between us." resumed the youth; "you, Claude and myself are not what we once were; this cannot continue longer. Some day or other, when the thorn at my heart torments me too much, I may forget the respect I owe you; you will withdraw your friendship from me, and, after such a loss, I could not live."

"Yery well," said Robert, referred and touched by the tone of his son; "but if you wish to please me, what hinders you from doing so?"

"Ah, you know but too well, father," exclaimed Urbain, fixing his eyes on the ferryman. "By the words you have said, and the glances I have seen you cast on the new hosse, I have recognized that you guessed the truth. A sad heart makes a sad humor."

"And where is your manliness?" interrupted Robert, with an indignation tempered with tenderness. "I have your own? Can you not turn it in another direction?"

"I have tried," said they youth, discouraged, "but all has been useless. While I am here, my heart will go in the same direction with my eyes. It is in vain that I do not see her or speak to her, everything around me shows her to me, or talks to me of her. The only method of care is therefore to leave all, and to go favaway; so my course is taken, my father, and I come to aak of you my dismissal."

"You "exclaimed the ferryman, astonished; "would you leave us! Have you thought well of what you are saying, Urbain! Would you leave Claude and myself alone! Have you though the hought will of what you are saying, Urbain! Would you leave to take me as a sailor, and I have promised to go with him this evening."

"You it is possible!" exclaimed Bobert, changing contenance, "and you pretend to depart in this manner of your own will!"

"Excuse me, father, I wish also the consent of yours."

"And that will never be given," interrupted the ferryman. "Are the singer opposite there wishes to take me as a sailor, and I ha

manner of your own will!"

"Excuse me, father, I wish also the consent of yours."

"And that will never be given," interrupted the ferryman. "Are you not ashamed to abandon us when the river is swellen, when we need your arms, and my old strength has only yours to lean upon! Would you leave all the labor for a girl and an old man? Do you wish that, for want of an our, some misortune should happen to the passengers to give color to the necessity for a bridge?"

"Do not seek to detain me, father," exclaim ed Urbain. "Relieve me, it is better that should leave you. If I remain—who knows? I night-nh, for the sake of all, father, do not prevent my departure."

There was, in the features, in the gestures, and in the accent of the voung ferryman, a wild agitation shared by Robert. Claude, from the first moment attentive to the discussion, had approached. Her eyes glanced from Urbain to

Robert; all her faculties seemed occupied in di-vining their words by their looks and movements. At the kind of supplication last spoken by her brother, she took his arm and uttered her con-vulsive cry. The ferryman pointed to her. "Do you hear the creature entreating after her manner?" said he, with emotion; "she also has need of you !" The deaf mute interrupted him by gestures of interrogation.

interrogation: "Yea," replied Robers, "yes, my poor girl, you have understood it; but fear nothing; I will compel him to remain with us." Claude replied negatively.
"What i' resumed the astonished ferryman; "are you also leagued against me! What signify these signs! The youth is unhappy here. Is that my fault! If he remains, misfortune will happen! And what misfortune then "Claude pointed with an operactic gesture to Claude pointed with an operactic gesture to

sil hat my fault! If he remains, misfortume will happen! And what misfortume then?

Claude pointed with an energetic genture to the black waters, which were whirling around the boat. Robert turned pale.

"What mean you?" exclaimed he. "How! Could Urbain? You are mad, Claude; it is impossible. You say you are sure of it! He has already! thought of it! Do you hear her, Urbain at down on the edge of the boat and hid his face in his hands.

"What!" resumed the ferryman, after a moment's silence, "have you indeed been faithless to your baptismal vorus, and wished to die by your own hand!"

"I have warned you," murmared Urbais in an abrup! tone. "At times, my heart bleeds so that I lose my selb-command, and feel an Inspite to die. Yesterday, on crossing with Claude in the little boat, when we arrived at the middle of the current, I was sorely tempted, it is true. I rose in spite of myself, with a cry of salness, and all looked at me with an expression which made me shamed. I resumed the case—only my ideas frightened me, and this is the reason why I whis to depart!"

"And how do I know that your will be wiser elsewhere "objected Robert." "There will be no longer any one to displey your evil thoughts. And is it on Renee alone that your sulfering or your contentment depends ""

"Alad how do I know that, all would seem good to me: poverty, the rudest toil, a bad name; she would be to me a remedy for all. But why should I think of it? I see that she despises me, that she will her all would seem good to me: poverty, the rudest toil, a bad name; she would be to me a remedy for all. But why should I think of it? I see that she despises me, that she would be to me a remedy for all. But why should I think of it? I see that she despises me, that she would be to me a remedy for all. But why should I think of it? I see that she despises me, that she would be to me a remedy for all. But why should I think of it? I see that she for some time in silence. A great conflict was taking place in his heart, and betrayed itself on his coun

Clande pointed to Urbain, who was waiting with downcast head and folded arms.

"I know," replied Robert; "the fate of the boy must be decided, and that without delay; but one person is still wanting."

"Who, my father!" asked the young man.

"You shall soon know," said the ferryman, listening; "for, if I am not mistaken, some one is coming."

is coming."

A light step was in fact just heard in the adjoining room, and stopped at the door; Robert went to open it. Rence appeared on the

teness to open it. Benes appeared on the threshold. At sight of her, the deaf mate and Urbain uttered an exclamation of surprise; the god-daughter of the architect stopped, confused. "Pardon me," said she, without during to raise her eyes, "I thought to find Master Robert alone. I have just been told he wished to see me. The carter's boy must have made a mistake."

"Excuse me, my daughter; he told you the truth," replied Letour; "I did indeed expect you."

you." as words, he took her by the hand, led her to a stool and seated himself opposite, in the old family arm-chair.
"The business in question concerns you as ourselves, Renee," resumed he, after a pause. "Three months since we coaversed together on a subject—" "Which I have not forgotten," hastily interrusted the young girl.

"Which I have not forgotten," hastily interrupted the young girl.
"You have proved it to me, poor creature?" said the ferryman, "and I thank you for it; but at this hour, it is necessary that I should speak to you again, and perhaps in a different manner. The good God guides the world as he pleases, my daughter, and we more at his will."
"He look of God guides the world as he pleases, my daughter, and we more at his will."
"I bear you, Master Robert."
"Well then—I have to tell you that he is weary of this neighborhood, that he wishes to quit us."
The young girl started and turned pale.
"And you? you will not dotain him, Master Robert."
And you? you will not dotain him, Master Robert."
"But not pread an affliction at his heart."
"But would do so," resumed the ferryman; "but no cannot, he says, remain longer. He has too great an affliction at his heart."
"But perhaps you can remore it," objected Renee, in a low tone.
Urbain did not allow Robert to reply. Surpised at first at the entrance of the young girl, then at the words pronounced by his father, he scized at last, with a sort of despairing eagemens, the opportunity which was offered to him.
"Bo," exclaimed he, "you know too well that neither he, Clande, nor myielf can do anything." And as Renee had risen, affrighted at this species of explosion, he continued, moving toward the door, and with increasing vehremenee:
"O, do not go! let me for once say all! Before our separation, I must relieve my heart. Know then, Renee, that if I wish to go, it is because I cannot longer endure your scorn."
The young girl uttered is mournful exclamation, which seemed to protest.
"States not the true word "resumed Urbain; "when, instead of living in friendship as formerly, you turn your head that you may not see me; when you reply to all my questions by only yes and no; when I have recognized that you no longer wish me well as heretofore, and that prhaps it matters little to you whether I am here or there, living or dead!"
"The young girl clasped her hands and turned towards the

## CHAPTER III.

CHAPTER III.

The conversation between the young girl, Urbain and the ferryman, was prolonged. The fears of the latter, at first for the happiness and then for the extinence of his son, hall led him to the resolution which he had just fulfilled. Obliged to renounce his projects notwithstanding the reasons given to the young girl and some private repugnances which he secretly had, he was unwilling that new reflections should, by reviving regrest, create new uncertainties. He therefore proposed to speak himself without delay to the architect.

proposed to speak himself without delay to the architect.

The inequality in the fortunes of the two families might have seemed to him an obtacle if the god-daughter had had any right to that of her god-fasher; but, left an orphan and without resources, Renee had nothing to expect from Master Richard. He too often brought forward the remembrance of the sacrifices to which the young girl's education had compelled him, and made the assertion that she was not to expect a dowry, for one to suppose him disposed to share his opalence with her. The important question was, therefore, to anticipate any other application the architect might receive. The assidui-

ties of M. Lenoir, a young overseer in the employ of Master Richard, might inspire some uncasiness in this respect. Urbain, who appeared to have been made unhappy and jealous by them, realized them anew, and Renee blashingly confessed that the young man had several times easayed avowals which she had found some difficulty in inserrupting. Her god-father himself had perceived the inclination, and, for some days past, had several times laughingly alluded to it.

This revelation rendered the necessity of

to it.

This revelation rendered the necessity of speaking to Master Richard more pressing. He was then absent; but it was then decided that the ferryman should call upon his immediately on his return, acquaint him with the attachment of the two young people, and solicit his consent to their union. Meanwhile, Kenne returned to the new house, and the two Letours to their ferry-hoat.

to their union. Meanwhile, Rene returned to the new house, and the two Letours to their ferry-boat.

Here they found the deaf mute, who cast upher ferry-boat.

Here they found the deaf mute, who cast upher head; but neither of them noticed it. Urahin, transported by his unexpected happines, saw and heard nothing. He walked in a sort of enchantment, intoxicated, bewildered, and no longer feeling the ground beneath his feet. On his side, Robert reflected out the step he was about to take, and seemed to struggle against some secret anguish. A certain period thus rolled away in a sidence disturbed only by the galloy of two horses which stopped at the sammin of the bill; the rides were the architects and M. Lenoir. Arrived at the entrance of the winding road, they alackened the pace of their steeds and exchanged a few words, after which the young overseer directed, his course towards the young overseer directed, his course towards the young overseer directed, his course towards the workshops, and Richard towards the new house had been built, as he loved to say, in city style, and he means that the took his means, that he received his working and bear of their and a study, the large room destined for a kitchen was the only one ordinarily used. It was there had been built, as he loved to say, in city style, and he had reserved in it a parlor, a dining room and a study, the large room destined for a kitchen was the only one ordinarily used. It was there when he he concluded him. The change of fortune had not changed his habits. Although his new house had been built, as he loved to say, in city style, and he had reserved in it a parlor, a dining room and a study, the large room destined for a kitchen was the only one ordinarily used. It was there has he had been built, as he loved to say, in city style, and he had reserved in it is a parlor, a dining room and a study, the large room destined for a kitchen was the only one ordinarily used. It was there has he had been built, as he loved to say, in city style, and he had

of the architest.

"Ah! ah! it seems I have arrived just in time," exclaimed he, opening his nostrils to the succulont odors and costing upon the golden fowl a look which tasted it in advance. "You have done well, my daughter, to make ready for I have acquired on the route the malady of the foxes; I have dreamed only of chickens and capons! Let us see, I must drink first to prepare the way."

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## [Written for The Flag of our Union.]

LINES,

the supposition of a celebrated actress being intance of the author under an assumed name

BY M. V. ST. LEON

The nameless grace of form and face,
That little disspled chin,
the mischlef glance that seems to dance
From eyes in mirth that swim;
he light, quick step, the bright red lip,
The voice that all must win
a speech, or songs, to none belongs
Save tites, sweet Fanny Gwinn.

Didst thou believe thyself to weave Into a stranger's shape By change of name? No, thou'rt the same, Despite of Andy Blake. Despite thy practice and the state, Thy sweet diaguise is thin; If Paul, the elf, is thine own self, Then thou art Fanny Gwinn.

Then then are range you was.

So well you take all parts, you make
Hech character your com;
A sylph you dance, again we glance,
And lo, the fay is gone!
And in her place, another face,
Allmost another fone.
Now as "the plain you turn each brillo,
It sursily were no sin
To say a nyfite takes every night
The form of Fanny Gwinn.

ed from the French for The Flag of our U

### The Ferryman of La Vilaine.

BT ANNE T. WILBUR.

[CONCLUDED FROM PAGE 191.]

He disengaged from his wrist the thong which fastened to it his travelling staff, and deposited it behind the door of entrance. The young girl took up the pot of cider placed on the table, and was about to fill the silver goblet of her god-father, but he stopped her with a

of her god-father, but he stopped her with a gesture.

"Not so! not so!" said he. "When one has swallowed the northeast wind for six hours, one has a right to mix with it a little cognac."

Renne brought what he demanded. He half filled his goblet, emptied it at a draught, then, clearing his voice and taking a long breath, like a man who has recovered self-possession, he added, drawing his chair up to the table:
"Well now you can serve me, I am ready. What a dinner for an archibishop you have here, my dear! Say, were you not expecting some one clas !"

"Who besides you could I expect!" asked Ronce.

Renes.
The architect nodded his head and winked.
"Well, well," said he, cutting a thick slice of brown bread; "but I know the colors I would put my hand in the fire that on seeing me depart this morning with the young corneer, you thought I should bring him here to eat soup!"
"I can promise you, god father, that I was not thinking of him," replied Renee, hastily.
"Then you are ungrateful," replied Richard, "since he thinks of you."
The young girl started; he looked as her with a smile.

The young girl started; he looked as her with a smile.

"Ah! that is the way with you all. At the first word of a husband, you jump like a frightened horse. I will not retract what I said, the overseer loves you."

"I hope you are jesting, god-father," murmured Renee, beginning to tremble.

"When I repeat to you that I am sure of it!" exclaimed the architect, striking the table with his fist, "and the proof is that he has avowed it to me!"

"He ?"

"He ?"

"He ?"

"He ?"

"He ?"

"He ?"

"But—porson, my beauty! and he has taken no cross road; after having told me this, he has asked permission to marry you."

"But—pon have not replied to him?" interrapted the young girl anxiously.

"What do you mean? you must think I have been badly brought up!" returned Richard.

"Chearn, my girl, that every demand deserved a reply; I have told him that I would mention the thing to you, and that, for my own part, I foreasw no inconveniences."

"But I can see them," replied Renee, much disturbed; "in the name of Heaven, god-father, do not encourage M. Lenoir, or make him any promise!"

The architect laid down his knife and fork,

promise!"
The architect laid down his knife and fork, and turned towards the young girl.
"Do you retuse a youth who suits me?" said he, striking the table; "do you set up your will in opposition to mine?"
"But—god-father—" stammered the young cirl.

He seized her hands and drew her roughly

He seized her hands and drew her roughly towards him.

"Let us see," added he; "approach, that I may read in your eyes what is passing in your soul; is it true that you will not marry the overseer? Reply, yes or no?"

"Well, no," stammered Renee.
The blood mounted to the face of the architect, whose eyes sparkled.

"No!" speaked he, shaking his god-daughter's arms violently. "You shall explain this word to me. Speak I will know what hinders you from marrying the overseer."

"I think I can tell you, Monsieur Richard," interrupted the ferryman, who had just pushed the half opened door, and who, pussing at the entrance, had heard the last words pronounced.

The latter turned towards the new counce.

"What's that to you?" exclaimed he, "who asked you to meddle! what is your business here!"

"How a killed astimuch is a had been to be the server of the state of the server of th

asked you to meddle? what is your business here?"

"Have a little patience," said the ferryman, "you shall know."

He had closed the door after him; the architect then perceived that he wore his pantaloons and jacket of green cloth, and held in his hand his new hat, a costium reserved for Sundays and great occasions. He was rolling, besides, between his fingers a paper which the practised eye of the architect immediately recognized.
"I will wager he has brought his account," and he, with the Ill humor invariably excited by the prospect of the payment of a bill.

"It is time," said Robert, reaching forth the aper, "the note of the transport of merchanor made by our boat for Master Richard fell ler my hand just now, and I took it that

what is our due."

"It is well," said the architect, seeking a subterfuge to postpone this verification, "but when you entered, we were speaking of another matter."

'Ah! yes," said Robert, slightly embarras "Master Richard was, it seems to me, speal of some ideas of M. Lenoir with reference."

Who refuses him," finished the archi-

"Who refuses him," finished the architect,
"and it appears that you know the cause."
"That may be," replied the ferryman, smiling, "and it is my opinion that you also might
saspect it, Mater Richard; when a young lady
refuses a hasband, it may usually be supposed
that she is thinking of some one clear."
"Ah! is that it "interrupted Richard, fixing
his threatening glance upon the young girl.
"Well! If am very glad to know it. His name!"
Renee made a gesture to prevent the ferryman from replying; but he had advanced too far
to be willing to recode.
"Our neighbould know it," replied he,
"since he daily calls for the youth Urbain at
the ferry."

"What! can it be your son?"

"You have said it."

The architect struck his hands on the table

and rose.

"I might have suspected as much!" exclaimed he; "we have crossed in the boat too often, sooner or later fire will catch in tow; but I am sorry, my old neighbor, the overseer is more to our minds, and your boy has but to seek

claswhere."

The young girl cast down her head, clasping her hands; Robert appeared not to accept this reply as decisive.

"Master Richard should remember that nothing can be done without Renee," said he, "and surely, she will give her consent only to him who has her affection."

do you hear

do you hear?"
"That remains to be seen," replied the ferry-man, shaking his head, "and I should like to have her speak her mind."
"Les her speak it shen i' interrupted Bichard, "who hinders her? Come, make haste! you need not weep and roll up your apron-strings; speak! speak!"
The young girl raised her eyes, then cast them down, tremblingly.
"My god-fasher shend?

"My gold-father should know that no person can control their preferences," said she, timidly.

"I care not whom you prefer—but whom you will marry," returned the architect.

"And why should not my gold-father listen to the request of Master Robert!" added Renee, in a low tone.

"Why?"

in a low tone.

"Why?" repeated the architect. "I will tell you; because Lenoir suits me, he has a place, he can assist me, ive shall never find such another opportunity, and it is a prize in a lottery for ns."

"For you, perhaps, Master Richard," said the firryman; "but Rence has an idea of marrying a little on her own account."

"And on that of your nou!" interpreted the

"For you, perhaps, Master Richard," said the ferryman; "but Renee has an idea of marrying a little on her own account."

"And on that of your son!" interrupted the architect. "Ah! I see the thing now! you have secured the little one, and would urge her to disoby me; but she shall never bear the name of your boy."

"Our neighbor forgets," said the ferryman, "that Renee is nothing to him, and that he has no right to prevent her from choosing according to her fancy."

"No right! has she not cut her bread from my loaf, slept beneath my roof and occupied a corner of my fire?"

"That has been for your own interest," replied Robert; "if you have edeasted the child, it has been because you saw that she was intelligent and industrious, and that one day she would compensate you by becoming a domestic without wages, and a clerk without salary."

"Well, If what I have doon for her has been a bargain, it obliges the two parties, does it not? "Well, if what I have done for her has been a bargain, it obliges the two parties, does it not? Should not my expenses in money be paid in obedience? Let Renee show her gratitude by her services; it is on this condition that I feed and lodge her. What have you to reply? "all Robert, "that the girl has long ago paid her dobt to you, Master Richard, and that, for the future, there is a home near, where she will be received, not as a mercenary who must pay for her to decide."

He looked at Renee, who, leaning against the wall, with her arms hanging down, and her head drooping, seemed a prey to a hesitancy full of anguish.

"One word will be enough," contained Robert, somewhat impatiently; "if your heart is no longer turned in the same direction, acknowledge it frankly, I will go and tell Urbain that we were mistaken."

"Ah! do not think so," interrupted the young girl, extending her clauped hands towards the

then, but remember that you alone must render an account to her at the last day!"

He stepped towards the door; Renee stopped him. As he spoke, she slowly desached herself from the ferryman, and seemed to be engaged in an inward conflict. At the last words of her good-father, she closed her eyes, extended her arms towards him and murmared:

"I will keep my promise, I will do nothing against your will."

Robert would have cried out.

"Ah! say nothing, my father," added she with a supplication so tender, that the old man stopped, troubled; "I must obey her who is in the cemetery. I have promised to wait for my god-father's permission, I will do so. Only say to your son, that if I am not his wife, I will be the wife of no one."

And without waiting for a reply, she placed her hands on her face, ran to one of the doors and disappeared. There was, after her departure, a moment of silence. Robert renained with his eyes fixed on the door through which she had fied. The architect had approached the table; he mechanically filled his goblet, emptied it, then, addressing himself to the ferryman, said gloomily:
"You understand; that is ended. Now you can return to your boat."

Robert cast down his head and remained

gloomily: You understand; that is ended. Now you return to your boat." obert cast down his head and remained

AUDITY CAST down his head and remained mmoreable.

"Well! is the man deaf?" resumed the aritect. "What keeps you? Are you waiting it anything?"

His glance encountered the note deposited on it table.

His glance encountered the note deposited on the table.

"Your bill, perhaps," added he. "In fact, I should prefer to settle it, and have done with the book it is but the affair of a moment."

He took from an etaper the old Baruma and brought it to the end of the table, where were already an inkstand, pens and several registers. At sight of the volume covered with parchment, the gray eyelisd of the ferryman contracted; a gleam shone from his eyes, and he seemed a prey to a singular excitement; but Master Richard perceived nothing of it. He had begun to add the figures of the bill, but, whether by procecupation or inexperience, became confused, recommenced again and again, and at last threw aside the pen with an oath.

"Take your bill and settle the account your-self," exclaimed hes.

"That is easy," replied the ferryman, "especially if Master Richard will lend me the book?"

The architect pushed it towards him and rose.

book?"
The architect pushed it towards him and rose.
"And be quick about it," added he. "This
evening I shall go to La Roche, to see my notary; on my return, you can give me the bill.
To-morrow it shall be paid, and then I have
done with you; I will buy a boat for my own
use, and shall have no farther occasion for yourn."
The ferryman took my his bill, with the old
Bareme, and went out without replying.

### CHAPTER IV.

"Me why should not my goof-father listen to the request of Master Robert!" added Renee, in a low tone.

"Why?" repeated the architect. "I will tell you; because Lenoir suits me, he has a place, he can assist me; we shall never find such another opportunity, and it is a prise in a lottery of the contemporary, and it is a prise in a lottery of the contemporary, and it is a prise in a lottery of the contemporary, and it is a prise in a lottery for ax."

"For you, perhaps, Master Richard," said the ferryman; " but Renee has an idea of marryining a litice on he row account."

"And on that of your ron!" interrupted the gradient of the state of your boy."

"Our neighbor forgets," said the ferryman, "Our neighbor forgets," said the ferryman of your boy."

"Our neighbor forgets," said the ferryman, what he had never many the state of the contemporary of the contemporary of the state of the contemporary of

hands on his staff. The ferryman, equally silent, approached the plank, which he threw on he land, and hastened to push off. Claude then seized one of the oars, while her fasher took then, and the boat, turning on itself, began to cut cross-wise the thread of the river.

At the first moment, no sound was heard but the measured stroke of the oars mingled with the rashing of the water; but, as soon as as the shore had disappeared in the darkness, the ferryman elaxed the movement of his oar, and, addressing the architect, said hastily:

"Master Richard has not started, I suppose, without having consoled Renee by some kind word?"

"Master Richard has not started, I suppose, without having consoled Renee by some kind word?"

"Hoe architect made a movement of surprise.
"What is that to you to "replied he; "attend to your oar, and do not gossip."

"I had hoped," resumed Robert, in the same tone, "that, when the ill humor of the architect had passed away, he would not take advantage of what the dear girl said, to make both herself and Urbain unhappy."

"What care I for the happiness of your son 1" said Richard, with a langh of hatred. "Is there anything in common between us?"

"Who knows?" said Robert, in the same caim and firm tone; "we ferrymen see a little of life, Master Richard; should they be provoked too far, they might tell some things which would embarras you."

"I defy you," exclaimed the architect,
"Do not any so," resumed Robert, ahaking his head; "for not long since, you unged me to extremity in the presence of others, and I was obliged to relate a story, which you cannot have forgotten."

"I what story?" akked the architect; "I do not know what way me saitling abou."

oouged to relate a story, which you cannot have forgotten."

"It what story?" asked the architect; "I do not know what you are talking about."

"Ah! you do not remember?" said the former, tronically; "well, then the other day you counselled me to relate how Antoine Burel had been killed."

"It is possible," said Richard; "but what is that to me?"

"Nothing," continued Robert, "only I might have told more."

"What then?"

"Nothing," continued Robert, "only I might have told more."

"What then?"

"I might have said I had not only seen the assassin, but also—that I recognized him."

"You!" repeated Richard, "it is impossible! how could you distinguish him in the night?"

"By the moonlight."

"It is a lie! There was no moon."

"You were there then to know?" exclaimed Robert, looking him in the face.
Richard's countenance became livid.

"Wretch!" stammered he, "take care what you say: I understand your project. You wish to terrify me in order to make me consent to the marriage of Renee with your son; but an accusation is not sufficient."

"You are right," said the firryman; "fear nothing, there will be proof—which you will not deny, for you have yourself furnished it."

"What mean you?"

"When the affair of Burel came out, Master Richard was prudently absent," replied Robert, "so whe probably did not know that there was taken from the wound of the dead man the wad of the shot which had killed him. It was a piece of the leaf of an old book, and the justice sought in vain for the remainder; but I found it."

"Where "The architect could not suppress a cry.

"Now, as I have it at this moment with me," continued Robert, "you will imagine that I can carry it to the judges, who will revise the affair, and once on the right truck, they will have no difficulty in discovering why the foreman whon Antoine Burel was about to dismis, found it more advantageous to put his master under the ground, that he might succeed him in basins."

"You will not do that, you will not do it? said Richard, with teeth shut, and flaming oves. "Tha

ou asspended over the abyss, like a human gar-land. Thousands of men, women and children from the neighboring parishes covered the hills. The sun, a first bursed in the fogs of December, seemed to wish to saints the new wonder; hir rays suddenly dispelled the clouds, and, falling in a luminous sheet, lighted up a ship which was passing at full sail beneath he feet of the throngs. At this sight, an immense classes of the clouds, and an animal control of the con-bythe ccloos, and manifer this new victory of human industry.

## Jester's Picnic.

A young man at a social party was urged to sing a song. He replied that he would first tell a story, and then if they persisted in their demands, he would execute a song.

When a boy, he said, he took lessons in sing-demands, he would execute a song.

When a boy, he said, he took lessons in sing-start's attained to build a song the said of the said of

"First class in mathematics, stand up. What is simple division?"
"Please, fir, I know. Breaking Bob Smith's cake, and eating half yourself."
cake, and eating half yourself."
"I Rooking the whole of Bob Smith's cake, and dividing it between yourself and brother."
"Right again. Now go out of doors and pay your head against something cold, to keep your nose from bleeding."

An Englishman travelling through the county of Kilkenny, came to a ford, and hired a boat to take him across. The water being rather more agitated than was agreeable to him, he asked the boatman if any person was ever lost in the passage. "Never," replied Terence, in the passage. "Never," replied Terence, where the product of the property of the product of the pro

A negro boy being sent by his master to be, row a pound of lard from a neighbor, thus de-livered his message: ""Missus Thompoon, massa sent me over to beg or borrow a pound of hog tallow; he say he got de olds ow up in de pen, fattenin'; he gwine to kill her day before yesterday, and he come over week fore last, and pay you all you owe us."

"Mister, how do you sell sugar to day 1"
"Only twenty cents a pound, sir."
"Can't give it. I'll drink up coffee without sugar, and kiss my wife for sweetening. Good day, sir. When you get tired of that kind of sweetening, please call again."
"I will." He called next day.

During the war of 1812, an old gentleman rho was always on the alert to obtain the latest ews from the army, made his usual inquiry of war. "The latest news from the army," replied the wag, "is that they are in statu quo."
"Ah!—how far is that from Montreal?" asked

real?" asked "Now let us sing one of those Do-its," said Mrs. Partington to a musical friend. "You can sing base. Isaae will do the terrible, and I will breathe the air," and she fell to wiping her spect with the corner of her apron. Prim looked so-ber and bit his lips, while I ke commenced the 'derrible,' by pulling the kitten's extremity."

Curiosities.—A fish from the stream of I A stone from the hill of science. A wick five lamp of life. Tobacco from the pipe of stove. Heat from the furnace of afflict Blood from the heart of a tree. A corn fr the foot of a hill. Some flowers plucked as were travelling in the path of duty.

An Irish footman, having carried a basket game from his master to a friend, waiting a ce-siderable time for his catsomary fee, but find no present appear, scratched his head and sai 'Sir, if my master should say,' l'addy,' did the gentleman give you?' what would y honor have me tell him !"

Old Roger remarked the other mornin breakfast, that "if he had a weakness it was coffee." A merry twinkle was observed in finny gray eyes, and a slight blash suffused countenance of his venerable hostess, who exception to the grounds of his remarks— didn's seem clear.

The following "epitaph on a carpenter decidedly good.
"Posts oft he made, yet ne'er a place could get, And lived by railing, though he was no wit; Old states he had, although no antiquarian, And style corrected, yet was no grammarian."

We hear constantly of absconding railroad contractors. It is not a matter of much surprise, when it is remembered that it is a regular business with these fellows to make tracks. Necessity is great for making things serve all round. In California, a warming-pan is used as an umbrella, a fruit disb, a bean pot and as a contribution box.

"Have you much fish in your bag?" asked a person of a fisherman, who was returning home. "Yes, a good ed," was the slippery reply.

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